THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,466—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
21st Octr	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
28th "	MANTUA	11000	CHINA	8000
4th Nov.	DELHI	8040	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10700
18th "	MOREA	11000	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
2nd Dec.	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
16th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
30th "	MALOJA	11500	.....	...
1912				
6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000	.....	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	.....	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000	.....	...
9th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
30th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
6th April.	MARMORA	10500	.....	...
13th "	MOOLTAN	10000	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
27th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
4th May.	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12000
11th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
25th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

The "MANTUA" sailing on the 28th October, proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES transhipped at PORT SAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 405 or Rs. 431	Rs. 743 or Rs. 791
To London by S.S.	Rs. 358 or Rs. 527	Rs. 702 or Rs. 969

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favorable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
Bombay.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Baldino	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Dec. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	Piazoni	13th Jan. 1912

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Balsito	16th Nov. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,
Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	16th Oct.	11 a.m.	†via P. D. & C. M.
Dwarka	1695	Tours.	19th Oct.	9 a.m.	*via C. M.
Linga	2184	Fri.	20th Oct.	6 a.m.	† direct,

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 19th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Pandua," 385 tons, on Wednesday 18th October, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah, and Bareh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on or about 2nd November, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 21st October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

16th October, 1911.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1911.
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6364	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5121	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6363	A. Haig	23th Feb, 1912.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	6121	R H. Brown, R.N.R.	24th " "
Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6364	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 416	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 573	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	939
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 695	957
Bombay to New York	" 893	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 445	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY.
Nera	5533	Casanova	31st Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4128	Cousin	23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4142	Rosati	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6333	Brano	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.
Sydney	4118	Costa	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4148	Cousin	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic	6385	Galonnas	9th May 1912.
Yarra	4142	Rosati	6th June 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigation General Italiana at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Polynesien	6363	Brano	4th Nov. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	2nd Dec. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. da COURTOIS,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. "

If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand"
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... " 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	... " 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tieling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 237,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits	Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Cebu,	San Francisco,
Calcutta,	Shanghai,	Washington,
Singapore,	Hankow,	Mexico,
Hongkong,	Peking,	Panama,
Canton,	Yokohama,	Colon,
Manila.	Kobe,	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up) ..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe,
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY.

W. J. K. HEGARTY
Acting Manager.

JEWELRY

APART from the unwavering and solid demand there is for brooches and bracelets, ornaments which cannot be disregarded with any toilet, and the wide range in hair ornaments from combs and barrettes to fillets and bandeaux, permitted by the present varying style of coiffure, we are inclined to give neckwear the first place as receiving the most prominent fashionable attention, Ear ornaments follow next with hair ornaments a close third.

NECKWEAR

Medallions or Plaques continue to grow wonderfully in popular fancy, possibly because the present fancies are even more dainty and delicate than ever. We have a collection of these ornaments which are unparalleled for absolute exclusiveness and distinctiveness in idea and designs indicating Art in its truest interpretation. Festoon necklaces and necklaces with pearshaped drops in fancy stones or stole effects in braided beads and bands also continue to command admiration while the neckchain and guard attached to a locket are indispensable ornaments for afternoon or day-wear.

EAR ORNAMENTS

The pendulum of fashion continues to support and patronise lavishly ear wear in even a more determined manner than ever. The only discouragement hitherto offered to a more universal use has been overcome and it is now no longer necessary to have the ears pierced in order to wear them; as the ear ornaments may now be attached to the ear by an invisible arrangement. We have a choice collection in earwear which will be found suitable for evening wear, or with very elaborate indoor costumes and also smaller designs for wear during the day or for out-of-door use. Our stock comprises a variety in style from the dainty diamond or pearl bouton close up to the ear to the hanging pendants and hoops, in plain gold or beautifully jewelled.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the public that when buying OLIVE OIL they should see that the same is the real produce of the OLIVE TREE as there are several kinds of so-called Olive oils which are only Cotton Seed Oil.

We as Agents for the world renowned FIRM of FERDINANDO NENCIONI of PISA (ITALY) who has been awarded a score of GOLD MEDALS for their produce at the Principal Exhibitions of the World are in a position to guarantee our OLIVE OIL, to be what it is actually called and to have no admixture whatever.

AVOID therefore the poisonous stuff and buy the genuine produce of OIL from the OLIVE TREE, obtainable only.

FROM

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

BY BATLIWALA'S AGUE CURED MIXTURE & PILLS.

FEVER AGUE & INFLUENZA.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness early stage of consumption and indigestion, etc, etc.
Re. 1-8 ans. each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English anticeptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

cures ring-worm Dhobies itch etc. in a day.
Ans. 4 each.

One Rupee each

OF ALL DEALERS, OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,

WORLI LABORATORY,
Dadar, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and practical means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of rest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BY GULLA, and POONA.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in	cases.
White Rose	150°	"	"
Chester	125°	"	"
Devoe's	125°	"	"
Monkey	125°	"	"

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

150° "SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

"SHELL" "SHELL"

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE

REFINED and PACKED 150° TEST in AMERICA.

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

150° 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

WEDDING	CAKES.
WEDDING	CAKE ORNAMENTS.
WEDDING	CAKE STANDS.
WEDDING	CAKE BOUQUETS.
WEDDING	CAKE WREATHS.
WEDDING	CAKE BOXES.
WEDDING	FLAGS.
WEDDING	FAVORS.
WEDDING	CRACKERS.
WEDDING	RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING	CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 21st, 23rd and 24th instant, those days being Public Holidays, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 14th October, 1911.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 818 of 1908.

NOWROJI BURJORJI MAHIMWALLA ..Plaintiff.
Vs.
(1) MANCHERSHAW BURJORJI MA. HIMWALLA .....
and
(2) BAI NAWAJBAI, widow.....Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sale of the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and Defendant No. 1 above-named, in the lands and premises described in the Sheriff's Proclamation published in the "Bombay Gazette" of the 11th September, 1911, and in the "Bombay Samachar" and "Indu Prakash" of the 11th and 12th instant respectively, will be proceeded with on the premises at Dhanji Doongaria Street, otherwise called Mohta Moholla, outside the Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 4-30 o'clock P.M. (S. T.)

For particulars vide the said Proclamation.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1911.

S. B. BROACHA,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. MIRZA, MIRZA and MANGALDAS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

NOTICE.

WANTED, a SURVEYOR. Pay from Rs. 50 to 80, consolidated according to qualifications. Only those having experience of Road or Canal Survey Work, should apply, attaching copies of testimonials. The employment is temporary and likely to last for about two months.

F. R. BADER,
Executive Engineer,
Thana District.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Thana 12th October, 1911.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.), on WEDNESDAY, 8th November, 1911, for the supply of the articles noted below during the twelve months commencing from 1st January, 1912 :—

B. Miscellaneous Country Stores.
C. Miscellaneous English Stores.
D. Stationery and Paper.

2. Separate Tender forms of each of the above, giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of stores required, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of stores, etc., tendered for with a maximum of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed), or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and, if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 13th October, 1911.

COAL.

TENDERS will be received by the State Engineer, Bhavnagar up to the 31st October, 1911, for the SUPPLY of 500 Tons of DESHARGHAR BENGAL COAL, to be delivered at the Port of Bhavnagar, on or before the 31st January, 1912.

GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORES BOMBAY

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of Medicines and Sundries, Empty Packing Cases, Tinware, Mutton Suet, Straw, Covering and Dammering and for the purchase of Castor and Ground Nut Cake and unserviceable packing cases, Casks, Spirit Barrels, etc., will be received by the Medical Storekeeper to Government, Bombay, up to 12 noon on the 1st November, 1911.

Written application must be made for Tender and schedule forms which will be supplied on payment of Re. 1 per set.

For further particulars, please apply to the undersigned,

C. F. MARR, Captain, I. M. S.,
Offg. Medical Storekeeper to Govt, Bombay.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.
SPECIAL TIME TABLE FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE
Corridor Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.

DOWN.	DOWN.
Bombay (Colaba) D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba) D. 21-30
Delhi..... A. 6-57	Delhi ..... A. 8-15
UP.	UP.
Delhi ..... D. 22-45	Delhi ..... D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba) A. 7-20	Bombay (Colaba) A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run, when necessary, leaving Bombay in the evening, and arriving at Delhi, at a convenient hour in the morning.

From 1st November to 31st December, both days inclusive, the Northern Express will not run beyond Delhi.

Passengers for and from Stations beyond Delhi should change at Delhi.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special through Express Goods Train is now running daily by the Broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor-Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 6th October, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ltd.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ltd."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

POLICE ORDER.

AS the DIVALI FESTIVAL is now APPROACHING the Public are hereby cautioned against letting off or throwing FIRE-WORKS on or near any Public Street, road or thoroughfare and are informed that any one committing a BREACH of the law in this respect will be taken into Custody by the Police and dealt with according to law. The Police have been directed to enforce this order strictly.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 14th October, 1911.

IN THE COURT OF J.H.R. FRASER, ESQUIRE, DISTRICT JUDGE, PESHAWAR.
Case No. 15 of 1911.

In the matter of insolvency of SAHIB SINGH, SON of CHHAJJU SINGH, proprietor of the shop of Messrs. SAHIB SINGH & SONS, of Mohalla Ganj, Peshawar City.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 17-2-11, on behalf of Sahib Singh the Debtor himself, and on hearing the said petition and hearing the Creditors, it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent 20th November 1911 is fixed for appearance of creditors to prove their debts.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 9th day of October, 1911.

H. FRASER,
District Judge,
Peshawar.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE.
THE NILGIRIS, OOTACAMUND.
S. C. S. No. 262 of 1911.

S. GIRTHARILALL, Banker, carrying on business at Ootacamund by his duly constituted Attorney K. CHANDAU MILL ... ... Plaintiff.
Vs.
A. J. MORRISLEY, Railway Guard, S. M. Railway, residing at Victoria Terminus, Bombay ... ... Defendant.
To
The above-named defendant,

TAKE NOTICE that the above-named plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court against you for the recovery of Rs. 54-10 and cost of the Suit and that you are hereby required to appear in this Court either in person or by pleader on the 27th day of November, 1911, to which date the Suit has been posted for disposal. In default of your appearance on the above-mentioned date, the suit will be disposed of ex-parte.

(By Order)
T. O. DANIEL CHALIAPPA,
Ag. Sheristadar.

11th October 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCELS, etc., at G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX, of 1890, under instructions from the G.I.P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th October, 1911, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the abovenamed place :—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 16th October, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort,

AUCTION SALE of 1152 New Singapore Wood Railway Sleepers.

THIS DAY, MONDAY the 16th October, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co's Mazagon Works at Dockkhana, Mazagon by order of the Agents of the Powell Wood-Process Company (India) Limited and on account and at the risk of Jan Mahomed Haji Osman.

1152 New Singapore Wood Railway Sleepers 10 feet long.

In convenient lots.

AUCTION SALE of 2100 BAGS JALNA COTTONSEEDS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th October, at 12 noon, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the Godowa No. 75, Port Trust, No. 143 in Broach Street, Dana Bunder, by order of Sha Veljee Lakhamsey and Co. and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Thunker Waghjee Bacher.—

About 2100 bags Jalna Cottonseeds, about 2525 cwts.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 16th October, 1911.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co
OCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Government Telegraph Office,
7 Horaby Row, BOMBAY.

THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM

Who Offer their constituents Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding Genuine English Registrable Diplomas.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,

Has TWENTY-ONE YEARS' experience in SIGHT TESTING RETINOSCOPICALLY.

WE HOLD

Highest Credentials from H. H The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bengal, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M. V O., Lt.-Col. Foreman, R. A. M. C., P. M. O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M. D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.

STOCK:—LATEST and MOST PERFECT makes.
PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. H. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
Half Owner & Manager ...MAURICE E. BANDMANN.

TO-NIGHT, MON. OCT. 16th.

MAURICE E. BANDMANN,
PRESENTS THE
WORLD FAMOUS MAGICIAN
THE GREAT RAYMOND,
THE GREAT RAYMOND,
THE GREAT RAYMOND,
The Master of Miracles.
The man who packed the Hipadrome London for over six months,
THE GREAT RAYMOND
Second to none as a World's entertainer.
TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, OCTOBER 16th and EVERY NIGHT including SUNDAYS.

PRICES OF ADMISSION :

Orchestra Stalls Rs. 5; Dress Circle first 4 Rows, Rs. 4. Back Rows, Rs. 3 ; Gallery, Re. 1. Boxes to hold 4, Rs. 25 and Rs. 30.

Doors open 8-30. Commences at 9-30 P. M.
Plan at S. ROSE and Co.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES :
EDINBURGH : 64, Princes Street.
LONDON : 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.

KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

COUNT MATTEI'S REMEDIES.
THE ORIGINAL MATTEI REMEDIES can now be obtained from
THE MATTEI DEPOT,
KOTAGIRI.

Sole Wholesale Agents in India for these wonderful Remedies.

If you will drop us a line mentioning this Paper, we will send you FREE OF COST a Book which tells you all about them.

Terms for Agents can be arranged.

Apply—
THE MATTEI DEPOT,
KOTAGIRI.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing ?

FATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
Write to day :—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

HARMSTON'S GRAND CIRCUS
AND
ROYAL MENAGERIE
OF
Performing Wild Animals.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT
at BOMBAY
TUESDAY NIGHT, OCT. 17th AT 9-15 P.M.
LOCATION, CHOWPATI,
next the Indian Motor Taxi Cab Company,
Our new All Star Company of London and Continental Artistes

30 IN NUMBER 30

JOHN ROUGAL'S
Most up-to-date Animal Act in the World.
NINE FULL GROWN TIGERS
Performing in a large cage erected in the Circus Arena.

TUXIN "THE MAN WITH THE BOTTLE," THE TRIO FROLIC
Acrobatic Dance Artistes two Ladies and one Gentleman
THE SISTERS LOUISA AND ANGELINA VASCA
In their great Surprise Sharpshooting Act using Winchester Repeating Rifles and Pistolet
(CARTRIDGES 22 SHOT.)
THE WAMBAS
Gymnasts and Musical Melange Artistes.
PIMPLE & SILENT JIM knockabout and acrobatic Clowns
RUDIST the Champion Trick Cyclist
THE DONATOS
In their Pot Pourri act introducing the famous French Poodles.
DICK HAYES AND AUGOUSTE SHADOW
The funniest of Funny Clowns
VELASCO, AMBROSIA AND ELIAS.
R'sley performers, Gymnasts and Acrobats
MASTER CLARENCE BRUCE
The smallest Jockey rider in the World
AND
THE CHAMPION ALL ROUND DUO,
Jennie & Willis Harmston-Love.
Our beautiful Arab Stallions and Performing Ponies, Our Menagerie consists of Performing Elephants, Tigers, Bears, Leopards, Kangaroo, Emu, Baboons, Monkeys, Dogs, etc.,
AND ALSO FOR
THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY
Our waterproof tents, which, UNLIKE OTHERS, we guarantee we have and will keep everybody absolutely dry.
BOOKING AT CIRCUS TENT DAILY,

FIRST MATINEES.
SATURDAY & SUNDAY AFTERNOONS.
Oct. 21st and 22ND,
Doors Open at 3 o'clock. Commence at 4 o'clock.
Children, Half Price at Matinees only.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Full Box 6 Seats, Rs. 20 ; Single Seat Box Rs. 4 ; First Chairs, Rs. 3 ;
Second Chairs, Rs. 2 ; Stalls Re. 1 ;
Gallery (Natives only) As. 8.
MADAM HARMSTON-LOVE, Proprietress.
F. FELIX, Equestrian Director.
B. ALTON & W. SIMONS, Agents.
W. HARMSTON, Manager.
C. H. BRUCE, Bandmaster.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.
TO-NIGHT,
THE GREAT HEALTH FILM
A DROP OF WATER.
How to avoid Enteric.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manila
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Otaki
Calcutta	Singapore	Honolulu
Madras	Malacca	Canton
Rangoon	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bangkok	Hankow
Penang	Batavia	Yokohama
Puket	Sourabaya	Kobe
Khaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world ; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE ; issue, TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT ; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,
JOHN GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED,

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE :
60, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING ? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.—For ten days only, commencing from TUESDAY, the 10th October.—GALLIAN MOTEE AND Co., Opp. Gokuldas Hospital.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.—We specialize in these. Spare parts stocked. A call will convince you as to the smartness and utility of our goods. No upbill prices. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co. 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols ; "Scribner" '80 to '83 five vols ; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0 ; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes —
9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SELF CURE NO FICTION ! & NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
is a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO., BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as sofas and chairs, single and double almyrahs, tapestry lined drawing-room suites, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, cupboards, phonographs, tiled teapoys and jardineers, double door Austrian safe, Chubb's safe 30 by 22 inches, &c.

By order of Post Master General, unserviceable goods, such as canvas and drill bags, leather wallets and bags, leather harness, parcel scales, tables, chairs, &c.

By order of R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of Messrs. Latham and Co, Insolvents.

1 case containing samples of machinery parts such as vice, drain cocks, taps, oil cups, pressure gauges &c.

1 case samples of iron hinges.

At 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles, by different makers.

1 light rubber tyred brougham.

1 Deccany pony, fast, in saddle and goes well in harness, sound and gold for no fault.

Property of a European gentleman.

1 rubber tyred brougham in very good order by Shanks and Co. of London.

By order of transfer mortgagee Mr. Piraji Mornji Borkar and on account and at the risk of mortgagor Mahomedbhai Essabhai Jariwala—

1 four cylinder Beeston-Humber, 15-20 Horse power, six-seated, motor car, in working order.

1 single cylinder D'Dion 6-8 H. P, 4 seated, motor in working order.

Property of another gentleman.

1—4 cylinder, 20 horse power, 4 seated old motor car with hood and lamps etc.

SALE OF VALUABLE GOLD, SILVER AND PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from R D Sethna, Esq, the Receiver in suit No 918 of 1909 (Bibibai vs Achabai) Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No 16 Apollo Street, Fort, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th inst at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.) gold ornaments such as bangles, ear button, vagite chain, pootli, vala, necklace, watch with chain, carriages, nose-ring madalia, rings, etc. also pearl nose-ring, earring neck ornament, emerald and diamond ring etc also silver tora, vala, bangles, kada, kargota, waist chain madalia etc,

The above ornaments are on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT DOCTOR STREET near NULL BAZAR.

Notice is hereby given that Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell on the spot by Public Auction the undermentioned property by order and under instructions of Mr. Maruthai Kasanbhai (the Transferee of Mortgage) in exercise of the power of sale vested in him by notice of the Indentures of Mortgages dated 25th August, 1903 and 15th May 1905 respectively and Transfers of Mortgage dated 7th November, 1903 and 30th April, 1907 respectively on account and at the risk of Hasanally Mulla Abdul Hakim, Mahomedali Mulla Abdul Hakim, Fatmabai, widow of Karimbhai Mulla Abdul Hakim and wife of Amiruddin Hakim, Ebrahimji and Abdually Hasanally on WEDNESDAY next the 18th October, 1911, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the building thereon situate at Shaikh Abdulla Doctor Street without the Fort in the Island and Registrasion Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 363 3-9 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 337, 2792, and 3625 and Collectors New Nos. 7639, 9780, 9845, Old Survey Nos. 1352, 1351, and 2785 and New Survey No. 4667 and registered in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "C" Ward No. 7054 Street No. 38 to 46 and 35 to 39 and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the East by the Doctor Street, on or towards the west by the Mutton Street, on or towards the south by the property of Esufally Sarafally and on or towards the North by the property of Makan Dani.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Maruthai Jamietram and Madon, attorneys at their office No. 9, Bell Lane or to the undersigned.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 30th inst. at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.) the effects of the late Mr. John Todd.

1 D. B. B. L. Gun in case with implements by I Hollis and Sons, London and one Revolver.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th October, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at 14th Kamatipura Street.

Suit No. 1035 of 1903.

Vazir bin Ahmedbhai and others.
Vs.
Miyaji Ahmedbhai and others.

Under instructions from Mr. Miyaji Ahmedbhai, the receiver appointed in the above Suit and pursuant to the directions contained in an order made in the above Suit on the 29th June, 1911, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the premises, the undermentioned property, on the day and hour hereunder note :—

Lot No. III, Property at 14th Kamatipura Street.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 16th October, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuages, tenements and dwelling-houses and chawls, standing thereon, situate lying and being at 14th Kamatipura Street in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 28 7-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by the said 14th Kamatipura Street, on the south by the property of Santoo Natoo, on the east by the New Foras Road, and on the west partly by the property of Hormusji Chhibaji, and partly by a passage and which said premises are Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 29 and marked in the Survey plan under No. 4294 and 27 and 350, and by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under E. Ward No. 2152, and Street No. 90.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira and Divan, Solicitors or to the undersigned.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO DECORATE BUNGALOWS AND RESIDENCES.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 17th instant, at 2 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, below Sir D. M. Petit's Bart.'s Office, opposite the Oriental Building, Hornby Road, Fort, very valuable blackwood and teakwood plain inlaid household furniture, such as drawing-room sofas and chairs, tables, 1, 2, 4, 6 and 8 lights hanging gas chandeliers, one large handsome drawing room clock striking half hour and hour, large marble clocks, large Carra marble statues on pedestals, very valuable large bronze figures on pedestals valuable table ornaments, large China jars, very valuable large old China vases, large marble pedestals, rich plate glass pergues, terracotta and Persian figures, one large clock on large bronze figure, teakwood bed-steads made to order, large teakwood, very elegant almyrahs, a large lot of brass and copper utensils, etc, etc, the property of a gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th October, 1911.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

HEAD MASTER WANTED for the Mission High School, Ahmedabad. Protestant Christian Graduate. Salary Rs. 120-150 with Rs. 20 house rent, according to qualifications, with prospects of increase to Rs. 200 in 5 years. Six months' probation. Apply on or before November 7th to

Rev. S. Gillespie,
Ahmedabad.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

OTB THE CHEAPEST Old PEG McTaggart WHISKY.
Rs. 29 per Doz. Blend
ONLY ONE TRIAL WILL SATISFY.

SOLE AGENTS :
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY,
RETAIL SUPPLIERS :
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.
VICTORIA TERMINUS;
AND
Messrs. DENISON & Co.
HUMMUM ST. BOMBAY.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MUR

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 13.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	77 13-16	1-4	
3 do. Rentes ...	98 1-4		unchgd
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	92 3-4	1-4	
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	63 1-2		unchgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-4		1-16
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3-8		1-16
Bar silver in New York ...	52 1-2		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-19		unchgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20-51 1-2		unchgd
do. do. New York...	4-66 3-8	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
3 months' sight ..	3 15-16		unchgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 7-8		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-2		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 3-4		1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-4		unchgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Feul caused by China selling.

COUNCIL BILLS.—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Bills on Bombay ...Rs. 10,000 at 1s 4 31-32d.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay £270,000
Bar Gold to Bombay ..... £ 90,000
Sovereigns to Bombay .....£ 10,000
Silver to Calcutta .....£ 60,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
[illegible] Barely steady. Good business done.
[illegible]tures ,, Barely steady
[illegible]t Indian ... .
[illegible]chester Steady with little doing.
[illegible]l Sales ... 10,000 bales
[illegible] on Speculation and for Export... 1,000 ,,
Imports ... 52,000 ,,
Mid-Americans ... 5-31—10
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...9 1-2—1-16

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec. Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·01	4·97	4·97	4·93	5·01
—06	—07	—07	— 7	—08
Mar.-Apr.	April-May.	May-June.		June-July.
5·03	5·05	5·07		5·8
—08	—03	—.8		—07

New York official noon call Dec. 9-35, March 9-35.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 9-26 March 9-32.

NEW YORK—

		Bales.
Two days'	Receipts at all U. S. Ports	153,000
	Receipts at U. S. Last year	125,000
	Exports to Great Britain	20,000
	Exports to Continent	70,000
Spot Cotton—		9·20—25
Futures—Month of Dec. 9-31—26		Declined owing to unfavourable cables & to weakness in Southern spot markets and increased offerings.
Futures—Month of Mar. 9-30—24		

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	... 9 7-16—1-4
Futures—Month of	... 9·24—9
Do. do	... 9·25—08
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Steady.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	446,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	99,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	144,000
Do. do. to Japan	2,000
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	66,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	376,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

Total actual Exports	3,000
do Forwarded	83,000
do Imports	105,000
do Stock	260,000
Stock of Cotton in London	7,770

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G. ...	... d 4 10-13
F. G. Bengal M. G. ...	... d 4 12-16
Fine Bengal M. G. ...	... d 4 14-16
Good Bhownagger ...	... d 5
F. G. Bhownagger ...	... d 5 2-16
Fine Bhownagger ...	... d 5 4-16
Good Oomras M. G. ...	... d 5 1-16
F. G. Oomras M. G. ...	... d 5 3-16
Fine Oomras M. G. ...	... d 5 5-16
Good M. G. Oomras ...	... d 4 15-16
Fine M. G. Oomras ...	... d 5 3-16
Good Broach	... d 5 2-16
F. G. Broach	... d 4 27-32
Fine Broach	... d 5 8-16
Good Khandeish ...	... d 4 14 16
F. G. Khandeish ...	... d 5
Good Tinnevelly ...	... d 5 10-16
Fair Red Coconada C. I. F. London ...	d 5 1-8
Coconada Ginned C I F London ...	d 5 7-32
G. M. Westerns C I F London ...	d 5 17-32

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist	10
George Mayall's Yarn	9 3-4

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi	...26 3-8—1 8
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Dom.	
Wheat Red Karachi	... 36
Do. Months—Oct. Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Dom and Sellers.	

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs.	... No sellers.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs.	...26 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers, Steady.	

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	...36 1-8 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Value.	
Victorian	...36 1-8 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Value.	
New South Wales	...36 1-8 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Value.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Gurcerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 51 3 4 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 49 1-4 —1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nominal.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...73 1-4 —1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 65—1
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ...15 1-2+3-3

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4 4 1-2—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers Dull.

METALS—
Copper Braziers .....£ 66 1-4
Yellow Metal ..... d 6 1-16
Standard Copper G M B £54 15-16
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs a. i. f. Liverpool 0 13 7 1-2
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp 4 12 6
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool 11 2 6
Basic Steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India.. 5 11 3

FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.... 18-3 Value.

ARRIVALS—
"Kirkcald."

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ...20 3 1-4
Do. Months of Shipment ...Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Small business doing at easier rates.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... .
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Still quite neglected.
German Beet root 88 p. c. 17 1 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Nov.
Tone—Irregular but closing steady.
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F India ...22 9—Nominal.
Months of Shipments ...Mar.-Aug.
Tone—No business offered at lower prices.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Nov.
Tone—Quiet.
Java Sugar—Nothing doing, and prices nominally unchanged in the absence of business.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [14th Oct. 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
404 Bars Silver.	7,12,800	London	Basso-A Bank
246 Bars Silver.	4,50,000	do	Chartered Bank
336 Bars Silver	6,00,000	do	International Banx
42 Bars Silver.	75,000	do	Mercantile Bank
218 Bars Silver.	3,75,000	do	Hongkong Bank
129 Bars Silver.	2,25,000	do	Eastern Bank
320 Bars Silver.	5,62,500	do	Yokohama Bank
207 Bars Silver.	3,75,000	do	National Bank
2 Boxes Silver.	57,000	Alexandria	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 12th Oct., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	26	29,252
B B and C I Railway ...	22	26,105

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—
Rates opened quiet and unchanged at 1s. 4 1-32d. T.T., 1s. 4 1-16d. Demand, and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 months' sight credits. Owing to the mail there has been little fresh business doing. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. to end Feb.
Do. do France	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...139 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 1-4
Shanghai ,,	...174 3-4
Japan ,,	...140 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened at 95·2 for Cash and 95 for the Settlement and has fluctuated 1 to 2 annas during the day, closing as under. Only a very moderate business is reported.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs.	95	3 0
Settlement	,,	95	1 0

BULLION:—
Bar Silver in London yesterday closed 1-16 lower both for ready and forward at 24 1-4 and 24 3-8 respectively. New York was 1-8 down at 52 1-2. The local market opened 1-8 lower than yesterday, and closes unchanged. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	24	0 0
Australian ,, ...	,,	24	0 0
Sovereigns ,, ...	,,	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	,,	61	5 0
,, 1st Settlement ...	,,	61	5 0
,, 2nd ,, ...	,,	61	7 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—
The telegrams from America and Liverpool which came to hand this morning reported a further decline, and the local market opened easier with good Broach at Rs. 255. At Colaba rates gave way further and a fair business was put through in contracts, exporters being buyers. Closing prices this evening are as under.

Ready cotton is quiet and the offtake at Colaba this afternoon was small.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	252	March
Fine M G Wardha Hingenghat	,,	252	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	,,	250	,,
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	,,	245	,,
Fine M G Khandeish ...	,,	242	,,
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	,,	234	,,
Fine M G Bengal	,,	241	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	,,	237	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	,,	234	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	,,	215	,,

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Easier.
Estimated Sales ...	...	7,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	4,000 ,,

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
4·97	4·93	4·93	4·95
—04	—04	—04	—04
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.	May-June
4·97	4·99	5·01	5·03
—04	—04	—04	—04
June-July.			
5·04			
—04			

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is easier. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	12	13 0 B.T.
Forward April May ...	,,	11	7 6 B.T.

RAPESEED :—The market is quiet. We Quote :—

Yellow Gusserat ready ...	Rs.	9	6 0 B.T.
Brown Etawah ready ...	,,	8	5 0 ,,
Brown Delhi Apl.-May ...	,,	8	7 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.

Bold White 85 p.c. D. J. ...	Rs.	57	0 0 B.T.
White Khandeish O	,,	65	0 0
Black Bairi D J	,,	50	0 0

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7	9 0 B.T.
Apl.-May ...	,,	33	8 0

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	26	0 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	10	13 0 B.T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	8	0 0 B.T.

WHEAT :—The market is steady. We quote :—

White Pissi ready ...	Rs.	5	1 0 B.T.
,, ,, Apr.-May...	Rs.	5	6 9 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,765
Bank of India	67 1-2
Bank of Burma	130
Eastern Bank	79
Indian Specie	50 3-4

MILLS.

David	409 1-4
Imperial Cotton Mill	145
Kohinoor	707 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,610
New Great Eastern	193 1-2
Standard	1,020

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	140

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	147
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	128
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord....	292 1-2
Bombay Burmah Trading Corpo ...	567 1-2
Bombay Telephone Co. Ld. ...	55
Colaba Land and Mill	1,185
Shivaji Mining Syndicate ...	16 1-2
Tronch and Co	507 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	503

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	1,198 bales
Wheat	8,830 cwts.
Linseed	1,057 ,,
Rapeseed	568 ,,
Gingellyseed	522 ,,
Poppyseed	218 ,,
Groundnuts	373 ,,
Castorseed	5,676 ,,
Rice	4,464 ,,
Myrabollams	216 ,,
Cottonseed	3,736 ,,
Mowrasseed	16 ,,
Gram	2,221 ,,
Joowar	12,546 ,,
Maize	287 ,,

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, Oct. 14.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 15.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	77 7-8	1-16	
3 do. Rentes ...	94		unchgd
2 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan...	93	1-4	
do. Govt. Securities...	63 1-2		unchgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-4		unchgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3 8		unchgd
do. in New York ...	52 1-2		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·18		0 1
do. at Berlin...	20-52	1-2	
do. at New York...	4-66 1-2	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London	21st Sept		
Bills, 3 months' sight.	3 1/16		1-8
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3 7-8		unchgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-8		1-8
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-2		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 5-8		1-8
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-8		1-8

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet. Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

	Faier.	Quiet.
Spot	...	Easy.
Futures	...	.....
East Indian	...	.....
Manchester	...	.....
Total Sales	...	6,000 Bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export		500 ,,
Imports	...	4,000 ,,
Mid-Americans	...	5·24—07
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown		9 3-8—1-8

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
4·91	4·90	4·90	4·92	4·94
—07	—07	—07	—07	—07
Mar.-April.	April-May.	May-June.		June-July.
4·91	4·93	5·00		5·01
—07	—07	—07		—07

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	68,000
Receipts at ,, Last year ...	.....
Exports to Great Britain ...	5,000
Exports to Continent ...	25,000
Spot Cotton— ...	9·40—10
Futures—Month of Dec. 9·18—13	Declined owing weakness New Orleans market and to Southern selling of futures in the local market.
Futures—Month of March 9·13—17	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 9 3-8—1-16
Futures month of Dec.	... 9·03—21
Futures month of March	... 9·21—17
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Easy.

Additional Cotton Quotations unchanged.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	2,680,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	101,000
East Indian do	75,000
American do	2,198,000
Other do	83,000
Total Sales	56,000
East Indian total sales	1,500
Total Speculation	4,000
Do. Exportation	2,000
East Indian Export	1,100
Do. Indian Stock	16,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	1,000
Do. Actual Exports	2,100
Do. Week's Imports	.....
Do. Speculation	.....
Americans Afloat	430,000
East Indian	4,000
Total	459,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi	...33 3 8 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers,	
Wheat F.-A.-Q.	... 33
	Oct.-Nov.—Value.
Tone—Firm.	

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs	... .
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—	
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs	... .
	Jan.-Feb.

SEEDS.

SAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship.	...
Do. Name of Ports—Nominal.	
Do. Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p.c. ex-ship	54 3-4— unchanged
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk.—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore	...49 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Tone—Dull.	

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship	...73 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	...64 1-4—3-4
Do. Month—Oct.-Nov.	
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg.—Sellers.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 15 3-4+1-4

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ..4 4 1-4—1-4—Oct.-Nov.—Value—Dull.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ... £	unchgd.
Yellow Metal ... d	
Standard Copper G. M. B. ... £	

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 20 3 3-4+1 1-2
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Steady, fair demand.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... .
Do Months of Shipments ... .
Tone—Neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...17 2 1-2+1—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...November.
Tone—Better demand at steady prices, less pressure to sell.
BAR & Similar Crystal C & F India ...22 3 1-4—3-4 Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...March-Aug.
Tone—Very quiet.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Nov.
Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta	Nov.-Dec. July-Oct.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	...Nov.-Dec. July-Oct.—1912
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta	..... Nov.-Dec. July-Oct.—1912
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	..... Nov.-Dec. July-Oct.—1912
General Tone—Unchanged.	

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

The balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 30th Sept 1911 in India and in England amounted to £19,492,623, and was held in the following form :—

Rupees in India equivalent to at £1 = Rs. 15	£ 1,934,302
Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	£ 1,222,860
British and Colonial Government Securities and Corporation of London Bonds	£ 16,335,441
Total ...	19,492,623

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BROACH.

DEATH.

COSSERAT—October 12, at Broach, Lewis Wilford, Peloquin Cosserat, Executive Engineer, B. B. and C. I. Railway.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

PHILLIPS—October 6, at Mussoorie, the wife of Major T R Phillips, R G A, Kurki, of a son.

DEATHS.

GOLDSTEIN—October 4, at Rawalpindi, Jessie McIntyre, wife of Geo Von Goldstein.
HEIBERG—October 10, at Danish Mission House, Vepery, the wife of the Rev K Heiberg, of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Performance by The Great Raymond, Royal Opera House, 9-30 p. m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star Attraction "In the Grip of Alcohol". Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "Small delays often mean big losses."

SURAT DISPENSARY.—The following out-patients were treated in the Maskati Charitable Dipensary at Kurwa Road of Surat in the month of September :—Men 2,036, women 1,593 and children 1,170 ; total 4,799.

CONFERRING "KHILAFATT".—The well-known Mahomedan Moulvi Hazarat Mowlana, Sayad Mahomed Jallaludin of Bagdad, is now in Bombay and is the guest of Mr. Haji Jan Mahomed Chottani. The Moulvi Saheb has conferred his khilafatt on Mian Sahib Vaili Mahomed Shah of Kadri family now living in Bombay in Attar Gully.

ACCIDENT TO S. S. "LANGBANK".—The steamer "Langbank," 2,956 tons, Captain W. J. Rout, put in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Sourabaya, via Colombo, with a cargo of sugar. She was bound for Port Said for orders. During the voyage she was disabled at sea having broken two of her propeller blades and damaging the stern tube in consequence of which she was brought in tow by the steamer "Masunda," bound for Hamburg, from Calcutta. The "Masunda" after seeing the "Langbank" safely anchored in Bombay, left for her destination on Saturday.

BOMBAY SOCIETY FOR PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Statistics of cruelty cases prosecuted by the Agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals during September 1911, including animals sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work at the instance of the Agents of the Society, and animals sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel, for curative treatment :—Cruelty cases fined by the Magistrates, 466 ; overloading, 10 ; animals in cruelty cases sent to the hospital with fine, 164 ; animals in cruelty cases sent to the hospital without fine, 2 ; animals in cruelty cases sent to the Pinjrapole with fine, 1 ; animals in cruelty cases sent to the Pinjrapole without fine, 1; warned and discharged, 67. Total 711.

FATAL FIGHT.

Mr. Lambert, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest on Saturday, at the Sir J. J. Hospital, touching the death of Ahmed Ebrahim (25,) a Mahomedan cart-driver living in Attar Gully. It appears that on Friday last Sayad Abdul was sitting on the varandah of his house when somebody from upstairs threw some rubbish on him. He commenced abusing the person and a row took place, in which many of the residents of the street and other passers-by participated. The crowd dispersed. About nine o'clock two men named Sidik Daud and Mer Ali returned and picked a quarrel with the deceased. Two persons who were with them held the deceased and Sidik and Mer Ali, it is alleged stabbed him with knives which they carried with them. The deceased was taken to the hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries at two o'clock in the morning. The jury returned a verdict that the death was caused by the injuries the deceased received from the wounds inflicted upon him by Sidik and Mer Alli, and that the said Sidik and Mer Alli had thereby committed an offence under the Indian Penal Code.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Bohemia," Oct. 16.

List of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice via intermediate ports, per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Bohemia," to-day from the Victoria Dock No. 7. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock Shed No 7 at 4 p.m., sharp.

Deck passengers and native servants must be present at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road, near Prince's Dock, with all their luggage and kit, at 2 p. m. sharp,

Blake, Mr J B	Marikarer, Mr S
Brown, Capt F M	Manjoor Saheb, Mr
Braun, Revd and Mrs and infant	Mulik, Mr S
Dutt, Mr M N	Mulik, Mr R
French, Revd B P W	McNapp, Mrs
Ray, Capt A S	Melidis, Mr P N
Ishak Khan, Mr and Mrs	Muller, Mr E
Ishak Khan, Master	Netto, Revd A
Kharas, Mr N A	Pfister, Mrs, nurse and maid
Khuras, Mr S P	Schiendler, Mr D
Mahomed Sheriff, Mr	Syed Ahmed Baike, Mr
Mahomed Fazihuhin, Mr	Vredenburg, Mr F

Per s.s. "R. Rubattino," Oct. 15.

The Italian mail s. s. "R. Rubattino" Captain Piazzoni, sailed yesterday, with the following passengers :—

Abdool Rahim, Mr	Jurde, Rev
Abdool Hamid, Mr	Hallock, J Mr
Abdool Mazid, Mr	Jarangepoule, Mr
Miya Abba Mr	Jones, B Miss
Abdool Rahim Khan, Mr	Gibbons, Mrs
Abdool Husain, Mr	Heyblom, C J Mr
A Blair, Rev	Halima, Mrs
Catts, Mr and Mrs	Mariam, Mrs
Combs, R L Mr	Mahomed Sulaman, Mr
Delonay, Rev	Whitbatch, K Mr
Esaar, J Mr	

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS,
BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, COMMANDING, Bo. L. H.
Bombay, 16th October.

1. Orderly N C Officers for the week commencing from to-day Monday Sergeant R A Spence, next for duty Sergeant E. G. Pearson.

2. To-day Monday, the 16th instant. Riding School for Recruits, and members in possession of Remounts, at 7-15 a.m.
Dress—Mufti.

3. To-morrow Tuesday the 17th instant, Commanding Officer's Parade. Rendezvous Church Gate Station 7-30 a.m.
Dress—Khaki and Hunting Saddles.

4. Members are requested to draw their arms, accoutrements and saddlery from Head-Quarters, Council Road, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

A collection of objects relating to the resurrection of Italy as a nation is on view in two large rooms of the great monument of Victor Emmanuel II in Rome. The collection at present, however, covers the vicissitudes of the old Papal States alone between 1796, the beginning of the Napoleonic era in Italy, and 1870, the end of the Temporal Power. Among the interesting historic relics exhibited are the original manuscript of Mameli's patriotic hymn, a cast of the face of Pius IX, taken after death, and various broad-sides alluding to the early enthusiasm of that Pope for the Italian cause.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

DWARKADASS' HAVALAS.

Bombay Cotton Mills' Claim.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, Mr. Justice Macleod heard the suit brought by the Bombay Cotton Mills against Gordhandass Khatao to recover Rs. 1,33,987 for goods sold.

Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jardine appeared for the plaintiffs, and the Advocate-General and Mr. Desai for the defendant.

The plaint stated that the defendant had got delivery of the Company's yarn and cloth on certain occasions without making proper payments, stating that he had settled the payment of the goods with Dwarkadass by means of havala entries. The Company alleged that these havala entries were fraudulently kept back from the Company's knowledge, though the defendant, who was a director of the Company, knew that no one had authority to sell the Company's goods except for cash ; in taking delivery of the goods without paying cash, the defendant was guilty of misfeasance and breach of trust as a director and by his actions he had enabled Dwarkadass to misappropriate the whole of the value of the goods, which they were now entitled to recover from the defendant.

The defendant contended that as proceedings had already been taken against him under Section 214 of the Company's Act by the liquidator of the mills to recover these moneys, he ought not to be harassed by a separate suit in respect of the same claim. On the merits, he submitted that the contracts were not made for cash and in the proceedings above referred to he had given to the Court full explanations about the way in which these transactions were carried out. That part of the suit which related to contracts made more than three years before the date of the suit was barred by limitation. He had frequently paid for the goods in cash, but when Dwarkadass was desirous to pay the moneys himself out of the moneys he owed to the defendant, the defendant credited Dwarkadass with the amount on production, by Dwarkadass of the Company's receipt, honestly believing that the Company had received the purchase money of the goods. He, therefore, submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The case is proceeding.

THEATRE TICKETS.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the suit brought by Manibai, widow of Dayabhai Dholsaji, late proprietor of the Shri Deshi Natak Samaji, a Guzerati Dramatic Company, against Chandulal Dalsukhram, the present conductor of the Company, to ascertain his rights in respect of five orchestra season-tickets given to her under a consent decree in her family suit after the death of her husband.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia and Mr. Bahadurji appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Shortt with the Advocate-General for the defendant.

After some evidence was recorded, the parties came to a settlement, the plaintiff was to be paid by several monthly instalments Rs. 4,551 in full satisfaction of her claim ; parties to bear their own costs.

CONVICTION CONFIRMED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan Chandavarkar disposed of the appeal of Parmeshwardin Beni Mahedeo, who was convicted of criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 1,000 by Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalwad, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine.

The accused was entrusted with various sums of money which were to be paid in course of the day to different firms. These sums he misappropriated and then absconded.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal and confirmed the conviction and sentence.

POLICE COURTS.

MURDER OF AN ACTRESS.

How She was Killed.

At the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, before Mr. Frank Oliviara, Dhondia Dada was charged in connection with the murder of Sundri alias Kasi, an Hindu actress living at Mahim.

The police have been able to find out how the murder was committed. The deceased woman, it is alleged having retired from the stage, had purchased a few bullocks and carts and was living with her husband in Mahim. A few days ago she went to Bombay to purchase some fodder for the bullocks. As she did not return until late in the evening Shavalia and Dhondu, cart drivers in the service of the deceased offered to go to the railway station to inquire. Not finding her at the Mahim station they went to Matunga where she arrived by a late train. Shavalia with whom the deceased had an intimacy rebuked her for keeping away so late and an altercation took place. The woman was thrown on the ground and Shavalia pressed her neck. He then took the rope which Dhondu carried and tied it round her neck. The woman lay struggling for half an hour, the accused, in the meantime, confer

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Iddesberg, 2582 tons, Captain J. Mcclutcheon, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Cardiff in ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Madura, 1273 tons, Captain E. D. Pratt, arrived in harbour on Saturday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 149 cases opium, 122 horses, and 37 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain W. C. Morrison, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Zanoni, 2477 tons, Captain L. Dawer, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Chesapeake 2886 tons, Captain W. Read, arrived in harbour on 13th instant from New York 4th September, with a cargo of 2,600 tons of kerosine oil.

The steamer Berne, 1899 tons, Captain J. Younger, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with the same bottom and general cargo.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer Salsette 2391 tons, Captain H. G. H. Lewellin, R. N. R., sailed on Saturday for Aden, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Selstad, 617 tons, Captain A Larsen, sailed on Sunday for Bangkok &c., with a general cargo.

The steamer Braziliana, 2438 tons, Captain J Snowdon, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta in ballast.

The steamer Harpenden, 2401 tons Captain A.C. Cromack, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta in ballast.

The Hansa Line steamer Wartenfels, 1834 tons, Captain H Reimers, sailed yesterday for Rangoon with the same cargo.

The steamer White Cross, 1944 tons, Captain J. W. Long, sailed on Saturday, for Dunkirk, with a general cargo.

The steamer Queensborough, 1891 tons, Captain A. Jones, sailed on Saturday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

The Rubattino Line steamer R Rubattino, 2681 tons Captain V. Piazzoni, sailed on Sunday for Genoa, with a general cargo and passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS

H M S Highflyer...Capt James...D Dick R N Flagship
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr... ..Lack .....Troopship
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr... ...Jones..... do
R I M S Minto .....Comdr Latouche .....Troopship
R I M S Investigators...Capt. G N Forteath...R N R... Survey Str

Islanda	3361 Peck	M M & Co
Ujina	3426 Hill	M M & Co
Virawa	2176 Emmett	M M & Co

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 14.

Abana	2709 Wilson	
Achilleter	2820 Galt	W & A Graham & Co
Brilliant Eque	3609 Grant	Philadelphia... Standard Oil Co
Chesapeake	2886 Read	Anglo-American Oil Co
Delta	4780 Martin...Shanghai	25-10... P & O S N Co
Dalton Hall	2264 Gorst	
Iddesleigh	3542 McClutcheon	
Kincora	3652 Dreoup	T Morrison & Co
Landaura	2157 Ubbot	M M & Co
Lisdale	3183 Tallent	M M & Co
Langbank	2966 Rout	
Marsgraf	2325 Thle...Zanzibar	A Strandes & Co
Mervario	2484 A de Rontignac	Texas Co
Madura	1273 Pratt	M M & Co
Nurani	2520 Crombin	T Morrison & Co
Norkoowa	1074 Jones	B & H S N Co
Nawab	2041 Elliott...Turner Morrison & Co	
Pundua	2126 Morrison...Gulf	M M & Co
Somali	1615 Kasch . Zanzibar	A Strandes & Co
Seirstad	617 Larsen	F F Campbell & Co
Sibiria	2 3 Gore ...Jeddah	G & P S N Co
Salsette	3391 Lewellin...Aden	14-10 P & O Co
Ujina	3426 Hill	M M & Co
Zanoni	2477 Dawer	Off-side Q.
Khosrou	2410 Hannah...Offside	18-10 B & P S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 14.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Dats.	Agents.
A Arionto	2760	Bradley	Hull via Karachi	17-10	J Finlay & Co
B Majidi		Geddie	Jeddah	22-10	B P S N Co
F Clan Shaw	2502	Hunter	Chittagong	18-10	J Finlay & Co
K Lord Stanley	3056	Clibborn	17-10	Antwerp	W & A Graham & Co
M Shah Jehan	2635	McBean	Jeddah	18-10	Bo H S N Co
N Iskra	2655	Dobrovich	Hamburg	18-10	J Mackintosh & Co
O Gallos	555	Wratt	Repairing	J Mackintosh & Co	
P Reichenfels	2906	Klippenberg	Hamburg via K'oti	19-10	W A Graham & Co
Q Mansuri	2032	Gore	Jeddah	17-10	B & P S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels	Commanders	From
13	Chesapeake	Read	N York, Sept 4
14	Langbank	Rout	Sourabay, Sept 9
	Masunda	Burns	Calcutta, Sept 30
	Zanoni	Dawer	Calcutta, Oct 1
	Lhasa	Morrison	Karachi, Oct 12
	Madura	Pratt	Bushire, Oct 5
	Iddesberg	McClutcheon	Cardiff, Sept 8

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders	Destination.
14	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden
	Harpenden	Cromack	Calcutta
	Brasiliana	Snowdon	Calcutta
	White Cross	Long	Dunkirk
	Masunda	Burns	Hamburg
	Lixie	Blagdon	Calcutta
15	Berne	Younger	Karachi
	Selstad	Larsen	Bangkok
	R Rubattino	Piazzoni	Genoa
	Queensborough	Jones	Antwerp
	Wartenfels	Reimers	Rangoon

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels.	From.
8	Ellenga	Negapatam
9	Clan Robertson	Liverpool
9	Kattenturm	Antwerp
10	Edavana	Rangoon

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Lahore, arrived at Liverpool on the 12th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCT. 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—6 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 5 bales wool D Sassoon and Co; 3 casks chutney, H Muncherjee and Sons; 2,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts castorseed, L uis Dreyfus and Co; 60 bales wool, Wasd A Graham and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—100 bales hemp, J N Kapadia and Co; 33 casks chutney Manecklee Poonjiajee and Sons; 22 hogsheads chutney, Framjee Nowrojee; 7 cases bristles, J A Begbie and Co; 23 cwts cardomonseed, G Suchedina and Co; 4 bales woollen carpets, L F Barraclough and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia s—125 casks skins, Enrico N Stein,

FOR PORT SAID.

Bohemia s—1 case silver coins, Volkart Bros.
Lord Stanley s—9,330 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Reichenfels s—200 cwts kangeed, Volkart Bros; 210 cwts turmeric, P Jethabhoy; 264 cwts horns, Cox's Shipping Agency Ld.
Iskra s—10,786 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Bysbergen s—2,000 cwts rapeseed, H. Vanichand and Co; 6,080 cwts crushed bones, B Kudabhoy; 600 cwts gum Arabic, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR DUNKIRK.

White Cross s—1,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LEGHORN.

B Rubattino s—7,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Capri s—25 cwts fishmaws, E Moledina; 200 bales twist, M M Kasabhoy.

FOR KOBE.

Ceylon Maru s—12 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125 ° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Gandra agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Cooria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
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*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Monday, 16th October, 1911.

ITALY AND TURKEY.

It is emphatically stated in Italian official circles that if Turkey desires a quick and dignified peace she must be reconciled to the entire loss of Tripoli; and must put a stop to outrages against Italians in Asia Minor if she does not wish the war carried into other Turkish provinces. Both these facts are clear. Although Tripoli has been a Turkish possession since the sixteenth century, and enjoyed some measure of independence in the eighteenth century, the country was proclaimed a Turkish vilayet in 1835. After the occupation of Tunisia by the French in 1881 the Turks considerably increased their garrison in Tripoli. Since the Anglo-French agreement in 1899 recognising the Central Sahara as within the French sphere, various disputes have arisen as to the extent of the Tripolitan hinterland, which the French endeavoured to circumscribe. In 1901 an understanding was arrived at between France and Italy, by which the former Power undertook not to thwart Italian aspirations for the eventual acquirement of Tripoli in return for Italian acquiescence in French ambitions at the expense of Morocco. During August a section of the Italian Press revived the question of Italian interests in Tripoli, and hinted at the necessity for "compensation" in Northern Africa in the event of France obtaining a free hand in Morocco. On September 22 a Dalziel telegram from Rome announced that the Italian Cabinet had definitely decided upon the occupation of Tripoli. The date fixed was September 26. And the programme was carried out, Turkey, but for sending a handful of re-inforcements, contenting herself with protesting to the friendly Powers. Practically nothing was done to thwart Italian ambition, not so much because Turkey could not have put forth weighty resistance if she wished, but because Tripoli is of no real value to her and certainly not worth the expenditure of blood and treasure which would have been involved in a strenuous endeavour to retain her possessions.

As we were told when hostilities began, Italy would have been glad to obtain what she desired without fighting, as it was feared military operations might increase the discontent among the extremists at home, which, although limited to the most advanced section and to the provinces where these predominate, had already caused a series of conflicts and hundreds of arrests, while scores of persons have been wounded. Although the national finances are in good condition and no loan required for war expenses, the needs of the country are so numerous that any saving would be welcomed. But if she is to gain her ends now, Italy must be granted such a preponderant position in Tripoli as to render her mistress of the province and make the sovereignty of the Sultan merely nominal. It is reported that this was the answer given to the friendly and unofficial inquiries from Germany and Austria, both of whom were and are interested in maintaining as far as possible the "status quo" in the Ottoman Empire, but are also desirous not to embarrass Italy's action. As events have followed it has become evident that Italy will gain her ends and in proof that Turkey cares very little even for nominal possession of the vilayat may be quoted the fact that only recently she offered to sell the whole of Tripoli to the Jewish Colonisation Society to have and to govern exactly as they chose.

At home, we observe from the mail papers, the position of Egypt in regard to Turkey at the present time has been much discussed and as one journal pointed out, Egypt is nominally dependent upon Turkey. The question asked thereupon was—If, as would certainly happen in the case of war, Turkey were unable to throw reinforcements into Tripoli by sea, and claimed the right to send them by way of Egypt, would not the position become rather awkward for us? The answer is that the lack of water would render that route useless, so that the problem was not likely to become practical. As an intellectual exercise however, remarked our contemporary it is interesting: "What, for instance, are the exact rights of Turkey over the Egyptian army? The Khedive's right of maintaining armies depends technically on a grant of the Sultan. Could the Sultan, therefore, throw the Egyptian troops into Tripoli? Fortunately the same practical answer meets the case. If she could literally throw the troops in, that would be one thing, but as the troops would have to march the absence of water on the Tripoli side settles the question." Still it was almost unnecessary to consider it, for Egypt would not join hands with Turkey and the prospect is now that peace will be re-established within a very short period of time, for Italy has firmly established herself and Turkey alone cannot hope to drive her out and regain possession of Tripoli.

THE INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL.

The telegram which announced a few days ago the formation of an "Industrial Council" for the settlement of trade disputes stated little more than the bare fact that Sir George Askwith was to assume the presidency, and that the members of the Council would be representatives of the large employers on the one hand and the mass of workmen on the other. The mail, however, describes the scheme in more detail, and although at the date at which the statement was written it was given in anticipation of an official announcement, the facts which are supplied by a correspondent of the *Times* have an appearance of being authoritative. The board is to consist of twelve members representing equally employers and employed, and these it is understood will be selected from men who are recognised as active and responsible members of the trade organisations of either side. It will thus appear that the non-unionists on the men's side and unfederated employers on the other will not be represented, but as in actual practice negotiations in disputes have been conducted by the trade organisations on either side it is not expected that any objection will be raised on this account. In a scheme, in which the members are to be selected as being as representative as possible of the principal branches of industry, there is no room for distinct representation of the unorganised minorities of either capital and labour, and certainly so far as the latter is concerned the non-unionists are so much in the minority that they will be powerless to cause any real trouble. Its constitution, however, is not the most interesting aspect of the new Council, and we turn with more curiosity to a statement of its functions. Although it has been known, ever since Sir Charles Macara made his now famous suggestion of a permanent industrial court, that some such scheme was under the consideration of Government, statements in regard to the new body have always been couched in vague language—Sir Charles Macara's letter itself being merely suggestive was not a very definite one and now according to the *Times* statement the scheme as the Government have completed it is in several important particulars quite different from what had been expected.

It was supposed that the new Council would either take up all cases of trade dispute as soon as they displayed a tendency to become acute, in order to avoid regrettable delay in a settlement, or on the other hand that it might relieve the Board of Trade of the arbitral functions which it has assumed in recent years. It now appears however, that neither of these views was correct. The Council is not to supersede or to interfere with any existing machinery for the settlement of industrial disputes, not even the Board of Trade. It is to form a supplementary means to those already existing, by which solutions of industrial difficulties may be found. It was also assumed that either reference to the Council would be compulsory or that it would be optional on the disputants to resort to it. Again, neither, view seems to be correct. It is apparently for the Council itself to decide whether its intervention may usefully be made. After all other means for settling a dispute have been exhausted, the Council may, if it choose, intervene on either of two grounds, injury to trade or public inconvenience. Even then, according to Reuter's cable, it will have no power to enforce its award; it will be open to either party to refuse to adopt it. What then are to be the uses of the new body? One could have understood its object, if it were proposed by the speedy intervention of such a skilled arbitrator as Sir George Askwith, assisted by the best technical advisers, to abbreviate the present lengthy methods of arbitration, or if by an award having the force of law it were hoped to prevent strikes and riots. But here we have neither; only an addition to the tedious machinery of which Labour has stated forcibly that it is tired. When all the efforts of conferences, conciliation boards, and Board of Trade conciliators have proved unavailing to settle a dispute, and masters and men have been exasperated by the weariness and worry of the process, it will leave little opportunity for even a Sir George Askwith to intervene with success. It may be illuminating when we hear the reasons which have actuated the Government in its decision, but on our present information it appears as though the new Industrial Council will be of little value. Apparently it will not prevent strikes, but like the present Railway Commission it may perform some service after armed force has been exercised to stop them.

AN INVISIBLE AIRSHIP.

The first use of air vehicles in actual war is likely to occur soon in Tripoli, and we may have an opportunity of judging whether the terrors of bombs dropping from the sky, which have so often been painted in ghastly colours, have been exaggerated or no. In the meantime for the next war, an even greater terror of the skies has been predicted, no less than an invisible airship, from which explosives may be dropped at no very great height with practically no chance of retaliation. Patent rights have been granted in England for this airship, which, it is said, although longer than the great ship "Olympic" will, at a height of 1,500 feet, be detected with great difficulty and at 3,000 feet—much less than a mile—will be absolutely invisible. The inventor is Baron Adam Roenne, well-known in England as an airship and naval engineer. The main principle upon which the invention is based is the equalisation of light and shade. The cover or envelope of the airship is made of chromium, a metal possessing a highly-polished surface, which is perpetually retained by a covering of transparent varnish. Therefore, the metal is equivalent to a mirror, and it is by reflection that the invisibility is obtained. The surface and sides of the polished envelope naturally must reflect the same colour—bright or murky, according to the weather—as its environment, and thus be invisible. It is with the lower part of the polished balloon, which reflects the earth in its miror, that the main difficulty of the invention was encountered. Being darker than the sky, the reflected earth must cause this part of the huge envelope to stand out prominently in the lighter atmospaere. This difficulty is overcome by making the sides of the keel, which is to be as long as the balloon, also reflecting mirrors, and by placing on the keel triangular longitudinal ribs. With the aid of these ribs, the keel reflects the shades of the air on to the lower part of the balloon above, and thus obliterates the reflected darkness of the earth. In other words, it equalises light and shade. So that there will be no recurring shade shown on the bottom of the keel; this will taper to a point. By this means the airship will always take the colour of its surrounding elements, and be invisible. The device has been submitted by the inventor to the officials as the Greenwich Royal Observatory, who declare that it is thoroughly scientific and certainly practicable. This airship appears indeed to be the haunting terror, which imaginative novelists have depicted for us. The experience, however, which may be gained in Tripoli during the coming week, may go far to determine what practical value the airship may have. It has yet to be proved that vessels can carry bombs of sufficient power in sufficient quantity, and discharge them with sufficient precision to be very dangerous. Throwing bombs, it has to be remembered is a different thing to throwing oranges, projectiles which demonstrators so far have most commonly used.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. "Assaye," with the China and Australian mails, is expected to arrive in Bombay, at 4 a.m., to-morrow.

THE death is announced at Lucknow of a well-known Unani physician, named Haji Hakim Abdul Aziz.

A Nowgong correspondent telegraphs to the *Statesman* that the continued cold and wet weather is seriously checking the growth of tea in Assam.

MR. FRANK LASCELLES, who is to organise the Pageant, which is to be presented during the Royal visit to Calcutta, has arrived in Calcutta.

IT is probable that the new system of deferred telegrams between India and the United Kingdom will come into operation on the 1st January, 1912.

THE Lieutenant Governor of Bengal will pay a brief visit early in November to Cooch Behar in order to instal the new Maharaja on the Gadi.

A FRONTIER correspondent states that the road between Jellalabad and Kabul is becoming more and more unsafe owing to the presence of the tribal robber bands.

THE Convention of the Indian Section and the Anniversary of the Theosophical Society will be held in Benares, during Christmas week. Mrs. Annie Besant will deliver a series of convention lectures.

THE Second Salem District Co-operative Conference opened its sessions on Saturday, at Salem, with the Hon'ble Mr. J. N. Atkinson in the chair. He delivered an instructive address and the business was proceeded with.

THE young Maharajah of Jodhpur entered Wellington College this term, but he will only be a day-boarder and will live with his guardian, Captain Strong, and a tutor in a house a short distance from the College.

A SERIOUS riot has occurred at Mullasherry in Chowga between factions of Syrian Christians as the result of a dispute about the possession of some paddy lands. Several injured men are in hospital.

THE Indian Telegraph Association, Calicut centre, met on Saturday, and adopted for communication to the Director-General, a resolution recording their keen appreciation of the Director-General's wisdom, tact, justice and sympathy in withdrawing charges against the Association Committee at Bombay, as further establishing confidence in the staff.

IT is understood that the Chinese have pushed their outposts from Rima into the Mishmi country as far as Manekrai on the Lohit River. This is a few miles south of Walong where they appeared two years ago.

IT is understood that the Maharaja of Hasar will, on the 6th November, be invested with ruling powers by the Agent to the Governor-General, Central India, the Viceroy being unable to attend in person. The Maharaja has obtained the services of Major C. Eckford Luard, Political Department, as his Private Secretary.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

ITALY AND TURKEY.

Germany's Attitude.

MOROCCO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS SEPT. 30.

The Marquis di San Giuliano, Minister of Foreign Affairs, on Tuesday night sent to the Italian "Charge d'Affaires" at Constantinople the following telegram, which he also communicated to the Ottoman "Charge d'Affaires" in Paris:—"Throughout a long series of years the Italian Government has never ceased to represent to the Porte the absolute necessity that the state of disorder and neglect in which Tripoli and Cyrenaica are left by Turkey should come to an end, and that these regions should be allowed to enjoy the same progress as that attained by other parts of Northern Africa. This transformation, which is required by the general exigencies of civilisation, constitutes, so far as Italy is concerned, a vital interest of the very first order, by reason of the small distance separating these countries from the coasts of Italy. Notwithstanding the attitude maintained by the Italian Government, which has always loyally accorded its support to the Imperial Government on the different political questions of recent times, notwithstanding the moderation and patience displayed by the Italian Government hitherto, not only have its views in regard to Tripoli been misunderstood by the Imperial Government, but, what is more, all enterprises on the part of Italians in the aforesaid regions constantly encounter a systematic opposition of the most obstinate and unwarranted kind. The Imperial Government, which has thus up to now displayed constant hostility towards all legitimate Italian activity in Tripoli and Cyrenaica, quite recently at the eleventh hour proposed to the Royal Government to come to an understanding declaring itself disposed to grant any economic concession compatible with the treaties in force and with the higher dignity and interests of Turkey, but the Royal Government does not now feel itself in a position to enter upon such negotiations, the uselessness of which is demonstrated by past experience, and which far from constituting a guarantee for the future, could but afford a permanent cause of friction and conflict. On the other hand, information received by the Royal Government from its consular agents in Tripoli and Cyrenaica represents the situation there as extremely dangerous on account of the agitation prevailing against Italian subjects, which is very obviously fomented by officers and other agents of the authorities. This agitation constitutes an imminent danger, not only to Italian subjects, but also to foreigners of any national ty, who, justly perturbed and anxious for their safety, have commenced to embark and are leaving Tripoli without delay. The arrival at Tripoli of Ottoman military transports, the serious consequences of the sending of which the Royal Government had not failed to point out previously to the Ottoman Government, cannot but aggrevate the situation and impress on the Royal Government the strict and absolute obligation of providing against the perils resulting therefrom. The Italian Government, finding itself forced to think of the guardianship of its dignity and its interests, has decided to proceed to the military occupation of Tripoli and Cyrenaica. This solution is the only one Italy can decide upon, and the Royal Government expects that the Imperial Government will, in consequence, give orders, so that it may meet with no opposition from the present Ottoman representatives and that the measures which will be the necessary consequence may be effected without difficulty. Subsequent agreements would be made between the two Governments to settle the definitive situation arising therefrom. The Royal Ambassador in Constantinople has orders to ask for a peremptory reply on this matter from the Ottoman Government within twenty-four hours from the presentation of the present document, in default of which the Italian Government will be obliged to proceed to the immediate execution of the measures destined to ensure the occupation.

Pray add that the reply of the Porte within the aforesaid limit of twenty-four hours must be communicated to us through the intermediary of the Turkish Embassy in Rome also."

THE CASE FOR ITALY.

Notwithstanding the despatch of the ultimatum to Turkey, it is believed in authoritative circles that it is still possible to avoid war, which would be gravely detrimental to both parties. While its result would not be open to any doubt, Italy would be glad if she could obtain what she desires without fighting, as military operations might increase the discontent amongst the extremists at home, which, although limited to the most advanced section and the province where these predominate, has already caused a series of conflicts and hundreds of arrests, while scores of persons have been wounded and one killed, and there is no knowing when affairs might take a turn for the worse. Besides this, although the national finances are in good condition and no loan would be required for war expenses, the needs of the country are so numerous that any saving would be welcomed. But if she is to gain her ends without fighting Italy must be granted such a preponderant position in Tripoli as to render her mistress of the province and make the sovereignty of the Sultan merely nominal. It is reported that this was the answer given to friendly and unofficial inquiries from Germany and Austria, both of whom are interested in maintaining, as far as possible, the "status quo" in the Ottoman Empire, but are also desirous not to embarrass Italy's action. Evidently anticipating an ultimatum regarding the despatch of the transport Derra to Tripoli, Turkey had already pointed out that when, on Sunday last, she received the Italian Note saying that the despatch of reinforcements "would be considered as a very grave act," it was impossible to prevent the Derna from proceeding as she was already at sea. Moreover, it was added, irrespective altogether of Turkey's right to send reinforcements to a province of her own empire, all the Derna had on board were a small number of soldiers a few arms, and a small quantity of oats. To emphasise her desire to reach an understanding, Turkey at the same time informed the Italian Government that orders had been given with a view to preventing a boycott of Italian goods and to ensuring the safety of Italian subjects and their property, and declared that she was ready to grant Italy a concession for the building of a harbour at Tripoli and the establishment of agricultural and commercial enterprises in the country which should enjoy special privileges. This offer, which would have been sufficient three months ago is now too late.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR'S INTERVENTION.

The following is a virtual "resume" of a conversation with an Ottoman authority, whose statement may be taken accurately to represent the Turkish feeling on the situation. My informant said that it was out of the question for Turkey to entertain the demands of Italy, and even if the Constantinople Government wished—which it did not—to hand over Tripoli to Italy, neither the army nor the population would listen to it. Turkey was ready to give certain specific favours to Italy, such as the building of harbours and railways, but she could not generally recognise any privileged situation for Italy without having to answer for it to the other Powers. If Italy fulfilled her threats and attacked Tripoli, she would certainly be met with such resistance as the troops and inhabitants could offer, and long as they could offer it. Turkey would not attempt probably to reinforce her garrisons in the face of the Italian fleet, as it would scarcely be possible, but she would prepare for all contingencies in Europe and Asia and leave Italy to do her worst in Tripoli, whilst appealing to the Powers and to the sense of justice of the civilised world against such an unheard-of procedure.

Italy, proceeded my informant, had really very little to complain of, and the incidents in Tripoli were mostly brought about by the Italians themselves who had always acted as if they possessed rights superior to those of other foreigners, and would never allow themselves to be treated on the same footing or conform to the laws of the land. Not being able to find any valid pretext even now during the last few days, when order has been perfectly maintained," he went on Italy simply dispenses with all formalities and announces her intention of annexing the country. We still can scarcely believe that Europe will permit such an act, for, putting aside all national and separate interests, every Power has a general interest in preventing an unjustifiable war, whose consequences can scarcely be confined to Tripoli itself.

"Germany has already taken some steps, but from the attitude of Italy, it would seem to require really energetic and concerted action to avert the misfortune of war. We cetainly had considerable hopes that England might step in, as being ruler of an enormous Moslem population, which in India has hitherto been loyal to her and has not joined the recent Hindu agitation. It is true that England has reproached us with favouring German policy too much and with opposing her own, but this would seem to have been a great opportunity for her to regain the confidence and prestige she used to enjoy in Turkey, whilst strengthening her hold on her own Moslem subjects.

"The whole behaviour of the Powers is an astonishment to us, but if we are left to ourselves we shall certainly do our best to defend what it will be very difficult for anybody to argue are not our absolute rights against this breach of all international law and equity."

It will be noticed from the words of my Turkish informant that Turkey does not intend to try to reinforce the Tripoli garrison, but will leave it to carry on the conflict as best it can in the interior, when it has been compelled, as it must be evacuate the coast towns.

GERMANY'S DIVIDED DUTY.

The Tripoli crisis, which, almost unobserved in the shadow of the Morocco question, has so suddenly come to a head has placed the German Government in an extremely embarrasing position. On the one hand her duties towards her colleague of the Triple Alliance call for strict neutrality and non-interference with the plans of Italy, while, on the other hand, the pursuance of such a course will probably lose her forever the friendship which she has so carefully and laboriously cultivated with the Young Turks, and the attendant benefits in the way of concessions and facilities which her injustice have recently been enjoying in the regenerated Turkish Empire.

Up to the present the only indication of the line which Germany will pursue appears in a despatch published by the "Kolnische Zeitung" from its Berlin correspondent, who is generally well informed from the official side. Judging from this despatch, Germany for the moment is attempting the difficult and generally dangerous feat of sitting on two stools at once. The despatch begins by saying that Italy cannot fail to recognise the seriousness of the situation, and that it is out of the question to suppose that Turkey will offer a merely "platonic" resistance to the loss of Tripoli, as was the case with Tunis, for Tunis was only bound by very loose bonds to the Turkish Empire, while Tripoli is a province under regular Turkish rule and sovereignity.

The article points out that the sharp resistance which Italy may expect to encounter from Turkey might mean the resurrection of the whole Near Eastern question, with all its difficulties, and that all the Great Powers are interested in preserving peace in Europe, including Italy, which at present is going through a period of important domestic changes, and cannot afford to interrupt them by war.

Then, however, the article goes over to the other side and says it must be admitted that, in view of her geographical position, Italy has particular interests in Tripoli, and cannot be expected to remain passive until another Power takes possession of the country. The article concludes by advising Turkey to recognise Italy's particular interests and not to place obstacles in the way of her cultural development of the country.

This contradictory statement would seem to indicate that Germany has not yet made up her mind as to what course to pursue, and the position is rendered all the more perplexing by the fact that with England and France disinterested, future developments would probably depend entirely upon the attitude of Berlin. Perhaps the truest indication of Germany's real leaning is to be found in the report that Austria, after consulting with Berlin, has declared she will not tolerate Italy receiving any privileges in Tripoli, and that she has placed her ban on military operations. In this manner Germany may endeavour to keep up the appearance of sympathy with her one ally, Italy, while by operating behind the scenes through her other ally, Austria, she secretly aids her Mahomedan friends.

It is reported that German officers acting as instructors in the Turkish army have received instructions from home to take absolutely no part in any hostilities between Turkey and Italy.

NEW DEMANDS OVER MOROCCO.

As was guessed yesterday the telegram stating that Germany had accepted the French proposals regarding Morocco was incorrect, the word "accept" being substituted for "comment upon" a "telegraphic" error for which the Havas Agency is demanding explanations at Berlin and Paris. The Quai d'Orsay issues a "communique" to the effect that the observations offered by Germany on the French project reached Paris on Thursday morning, and contain fresh demands, and uphold reservations which require serious examination.

This leads the Press to ask if Germany really intends to come to an agreement to give France entire liberty in Morocco. For weeks past it has been stated that it was merely a question of phrasing and suddenly France is told that Germany maintains her objections, and presents fresh demands. Even before the publication of the disconcerting Note, the "Figaro" which has been consistently hopeful, says: To see the obstinacy of Germany in quibbling and quarrelling over even secondary points, the French public, surprised and dismayed, are asking if she is sincere in what she is offering in Morocco. If Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter wished to cause us doubt his good faith, he could hardly act otherwise. Why all these restrictions and reticences if we are really to have a free hand? Germany appears stubbornly and desperately to reserve some obscure and ambiguous point to furnish her at need with a pretext for troubling and harassing us. If this is so, it is quite evident that the present negotiations would have no longer any object." This is very mild compared with the comments of many other newspapers. A telegram from Madrid announces that Spain is preparing to occupy Ifni, and is determined to hold her garrisons of Larache and Alcazar as long as there are any French troops in Morocco, unless they receive full compensation elsewhere.

NEW RUSSIAN PREMIER.

The appointment of M. Kokoffseff as President of the Council of Ministers is officially published at St. Petersburg. The new Russian Premier remains Minister of the Finance, and the new Minister of the Interior in place of M. Stolypin will almost certainly be the State Secretary, M. Makaroff, and not, as was expected by many, M. Gondatti, the Nationalist Governor-General of the Amur Province of Eastern Siberia. The non-Russian and Unorthodox elements, including the Finns, the Poles, and the Jews, together with the organs of the Opposition Press, are at one in excepting a change of policy under M

THE REVOLT IN CHINA.

MANCHU MASSACRE IN WUCHANG.

New Viceroy Ordered to the Scene.

CHINESE REJOICINGS IN AMERICA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, Oct. 14.

Eight train-loads of troops have left here for Paotingfu.

The revolutionists have informed the Consulate at Hankow, that they will respect all treaties and loans.

Foreign bluejackets, under the Japanese Admiral Kawamura, are guarding the foreign concessions.

A number of Manchus have been massacred.

It is reported, though no confirmation is yet forthcoming, that the insurgents have seized Ichang and that Yochaufu has fallen.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Reuter's special correspondent visited Wuchang, yesterday. He reports that Manchu corpses were everywhere, there being fifty outside one gate. The troops are still hunting the Manchus, of whom eight hundred are said to have been killed.

The correspondent interviewed Li-Yuan-Hung and the rebel Viceroy, Tanghualing. He expressed themselves in a most friendly manner towards foreigners.

The rebel army, which so far consists of 96,000 men is recruiting apace. Funds are plentiful.

PEKING, Oct. 14.

Cavalry are patrolling the streets and the police are armed with rifles.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Two German cruisers and a gunboat in Chinese waters have been ordered to the scene of the rebellion.

HANKOW, Oct. 15.

The Republican commander, in a communication to the Consul, claims the recognition of his authority and control in the forces occupied cities, and states that his party is prepared to recognize the Imperial obligations in the matter of loans and indemnities.

PEKING, Oct. 14.

An Edict has been issued, recalling Yuan Shih-Kai and appointing him Viceroy of the Provinces of Hupeh and Hunan. The Edict further commands that Yuan-Shih-Kai shall proceed immediately to Wuchang to re-establish the authority of the Imperial Government.

Admiral Sah-en-Ping and General Yin-Chang are ordered to co-operate with Yuan-Shih-Kai.

Tseng-Chun-Hsuan is appointed to re-establish the Imperial Government's authority in Sze-Chuan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.

The Chinese in the United States have already collected 200,000 dollars on behalf of the revolutionaries.

The San-Yat-Sen has ordered meetings and parades to be held to-morrow to celebrate the rebels' successes.

NAVAL ARMAMENTS.

Understanding Sought by Germany.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

A message to the *Daily Chronicle* from Vienna states that negotiations are proceeding between Britain and Germany, with a view to finding a *modus vivendi* on the subject of a reduction of naval armaments. The negotiations, the paper adds, are the outcome of an initiative of Germany in the spring.

NOBEL PRIZE.

M. Maeterlinck Honoured.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

It is announced that nobel prize for literature will be awarded to M. Maurice Maeterlinck.

A CHINESE AVIATOR.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

Lee, a Chinese Government pupil, has obtained a pilot's certificate at the Air School, Salisbury Plain. He is the first Chinaman to obtain a certificate.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

The death is announced of Mr. E. H. Pickersgill, ex-M. P. for S. W. Bethnal Green, from pneumonia.

The death is announced of the Rt. Hon. John William Mellor.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The death is announced of Owen Wister, the novelist.

[Mr. Edward Hare Pickersgill, barrister, was the son of an architect, practising in York, and was born in 1850. He was educated at the York Grammar School, and graduated at the University of London. Formerly he was a clerk in the Post Office Savings Bank, but he resigned that appointment on being invited by the Liberals of Bethnal Green in 1885 to become their candidate for the South-west division. He was elected and sat until 1900, when a Conservative beat him. He returned to the House of Commons in 1906, and having some time before been called to the Bar, he obtained some practise as a Treasury counsel at the New Bailey. He recently resigned his seat on being appointed to a stipendiary magistracy in London.]

[The Right Hon. John William Mellor, P. C. D. L., K. C., was born in London, in 1835, the son of Sir John Mellor, of Otterhead, Devonshire, who was a Judge of the Queen's Bench Division. He was educated at Trinity Hall, Cambridge, became a barrister of the Inner Temple in 1860, a bencher in 1877, and Queen's Counsel in 1875. From 1871 to 1874, he was Recorder of Grantham. He represented Grantham in Parliament as a Liberal from 1880-86, and the Sowerly Division of Yorkshire from 1892-1904. He was made Judge Advocate-General and a Privy Councillor in 1886. He was Chairman of Committees of the House of Commons from 1893-95, was a member of the Royal Commission on the Tweed and Solway Fisheries in 1896, and on that of the water supply to London in 1897. In 1898 he was on committees of the Royal Commission Patriotic Fund. He was an honorary member of the New York State Bar Association. He married in 1860, Caroline, daughter of the late Charles Paget, M. P. of Buddington Grange, Notts.]

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

Italy's Threat to Attack Other Provinces.

POWERS REPLY TO TURKISH NOTE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct 13.

It is emphatically stated in Italian official quarters that if Turkey desires a quick and dignified peace, she must be reconciled to the entire loss of Tripoli.

If, however, the outrages against Italians continue in Asia Minor, the Italian fleet will carry the war into other Turkish provinces.

Italy has also notified the Powers to this effect.

TRIPOLI, Oct. 13.

General Caneva is organising an expedition into the interior, and will start next week. He carries supplies for a month.

LONDON Oct. 13.

Four aeroplanes accompanied by Italian officers and pilots are on their way to Tripoli. It is intended that they shall be used in warfare. If occasion arises, attempts will be made to bomb the enemy's encampments.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 14.

Replying to the Russian protest against making corn contraband, the Porte says that neutral grain steamers bound for neutral ports will be allowed to pass, but cargoes consigned to Italian Warships, or military authorities, or the contractors will be stopped.

ROME. Oct. 14.

Two hundred Turkish Infantry in the early morning of to-day opened sharp fire on the Italian advanced post, west of the Bumelian wells.

Italians replied with rifle fire and a few shells from the naval guns.

The Turks retired, having one killed and a machine gun. The Italians had two men slightly wounded.

Ottoman Parliament Opened.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 14.

The Parliament was opened this afternoon.

The speech from the Throne dealt mainly with the action of Italy, and the steps taken by the Government towards mediation on the part of the Powers. In the meantime, it was stated, the Government continues to have recourse to measures to defend the rights and legitimate interests of Turkey.

The speech was listened to in profound silence and there was no applause.

The Sultan was surrounded by the eldest Princes and appeared much affected.

On the conclusion of the speech, two Ulema offered up prayers for success from the cross and the malediction of Italy.

SOFIA Oct. 14.

A more optimistic feeling prevails as a result of the interview between the Bulgarian Ministers and Foreign Diplomats. Bulgaria will, at present, not take any military measures.

PORT SAID, Oct. 14.

The Turkish transport "Kaiseri" entered the Suez Canal to-day, and landed troops at Kantara, whence they will proceed to Palestine via El Arish, escorted by Egyptian coastguards.

The "Kaiseri" has been transformed into a hospital ship and is proceeding to the Red Sea.

Replies of the Powers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 14.

The replies of the Powers to the Porte's representations on the subject of the Italian occupation of Tripoli are of varying character, some stating that there exists no possible basis for mediation in view of Turkey's continued insistence on the recognition of her sovereign rights in Tripoli and others pointing out that peace proposals should properly emanate from Turkey.

The Porte has replied re-affirming that the recognition of its sovereign rights in Tripoli is a *sine qua non*, but that it is prepared in other respects to treat Italian interests on the broadest lines.

GENOA, Oct. 13.

The third Italian dreadnought "Leonardo da Vinci" was launched here yesterday

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 15.

Ahmed Riza has been re-elected President of the Turkish Chamber of Deputies.

MALTA, Oct. 15.

It is asserted that cholera in Tripoli was brought by the Turkish transport "Berne."

The cases so far are confined to Mussulmans, but the Italian authorities are uneasy and have adopted most rigorous measures to prevent the spread of the disease among the troops.

ROME, Oct. 15.

A message received here from Massowa states that the mobilisation in Eritrea is proceeding most satisfactorily.

Ten thousand native troops are under arms and some have made long journeys, in many cases lasting over a week, on foot, to join their regiments.

EXTINCTION OF TURKISH AND ITALIAN LIGHTS.

The following is a copy of a telegram from the Secretary of State to the Marine Department of the Government of Bombay, dated October 12:—

"All Turkish lights have been extinguished, also Italian lights at Brindisi, Taranto and Augusta, though leading marks and buoys remain at the latter places. Egyptian lights in the Red Sea and in the Mediterranean are in working order." A telegram has also been sent to the Political Resident, Aden, dated 14th October 1911 repeating the above message and requesting him to inform vessels bound for the United Kingdom.

THE RUSSIAN BUDGET.

Revenue and Expenditure Balance.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 14.

The Russian Budget has been presented. Revenue and expenditure balance at 2,975,252,100 roubles. The ordinary estimates show a surplus of 169,219,336 roubles, but this is set off by a similar deficit in extraordinary estimates.

GERMAN AVIATOR KILLED.

BERNE, Oct. 15.

An aviator named Schmidt, while flying here yesterday, fell from the height of 150 feet and was burned to death.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT IN QUEBEC.

Swearing-in Ceremony.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

QUEBEC, Oct. 13.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught were sworn in to-day in the Provincial Parliament.

Replying to addresses of welcome, the Duke said that the union of the English and French races gave the qualities, which made England's greatness.

History was repeating itself in Canada, the wise rule of her statesmen, sometimes of British, sometimes of French descent, giving her a development, which was the envy of the world.

QUEBEC, Oct. 14.

The Government, to-day, gave a luncheon in honour of the Duke of Connaught, who, in his speech, said: "It is my fortune to have been in many portions of the Empire, and I have been struck with the great source of unity among them."

Continuing, His Royal Highness declared that he wished to make himself at home in Canada, and to promote the best interests of Canada in her connection with the Empire, which was so important to the Dominion.

The Duke later sent a message to the Oecumenical Methodist Conference, which is in session at Toronto, warmly greeting the delegates.

The message was received with tremendous enthusiasm, those present at the Conference singing the National Anthem.

WORLD'S COAL SUPPLY.

Huge Fields in British Columbia.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Attention has been aroused by the prospect of the valuable development of the immense anthracite coalfields of the head-waters of the Stikine River, British Columbia, which are about 150 miles from the seaboard, and are capable of commanding the markets of Siberia, China and Japan, and of supplying requirements in war-time, when the Suez and Panama Canals are closed.

WELLS-JOHNSON FIGHT.

Johnson Cries off and Match Falls through.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Johnson has declined to box Wells in Paris. Consequently the match, which should have taken place to-morrow, is completely off.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET.

Selection Committee Formed.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 14.

The Board of Control has appointed Mr. Hill, captain, and Messrs. Iredale, Hill and McAlister, selectors of the Australian eleven.

HEALTH OF THE NAVY.

Continuous Improvement.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

The health of the Navy in the past year showed continuous improvement. It is a noteworthy fact that tube colosis is on the decrease.

CENTRAL AMERICAN LOANS.

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 14.

President Taft, in a speech, defending the proposed loan agreements with Honduras and Nicaragua, asserted that the consummation of the loans would strongly influence peace in Central America.

He further declared that the enormous interest of the United States accentuated the necessity for her seeing that the countries near the Isthmus should not be the scene of warfare.

BRITISH STEEL TRADE.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

At a meeting of the principal English and Scotch steelmakers, it was agreed to grant a rebate of five shillings a ton on certain classes of material, provided the consumers purchase exclusively from certain British steelmakers.

LIBERIAN FINANCE.

LONDON, Oct. 14.

After prolonged negotiations, Britain, the United States, Germany and France have approved a scheme for the American financial control of Liberia. The scheme provides for an American Receiver-General of Customs, with the co-operation of receivers chosen one from each of the remaining nationalities.

FRENCH ESPIONAGE IN GERMANY.

LEIPZIG, Oct. 14.

A Frenchwoman, named Thiriot, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment for endeavouring to obtain the plans of the German mobilisation in Cologne.

PLAGUE PREVENTION IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 14.

A Press communique says:—Some time ago the Punjab Government called attention to the beneficial action of the sun's rays in killing plague germs upon clothing and other effects and recommended its adoption by the public. It commends the effects of Hakim Ghulam Nabi of Lahore in distributing Urdu and Gurmukhi pamphlets recommending the above method.

THE INSURANCE BILL.

Opposition of the Friendly Societies.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 14.

At a conference of friendly societies in Edinburgh, it was decided, by 48 votes to 38, to refuse to assist in administering the Government Insurance Scheme, unless the Government concedes the minimum demands of the Societies for the amendment of the Bill.

Mr. Lloyd George has declined the suggestion of the Associated Chambers of Commerce not to proceed with the bill during the autumn session, in order to allow of more mature consideration of the measure.

LATER.

Mr. Lloyd George, in an address at Whitfield's Tabernacle, appealed for support in connection with the Insurance Bill. He laid stress on the statement that all parties had agreed to the principle of the Bill, but that soon the clamour of vested interests would be heard. The only way to triumph was by tenaciously fighting them.

"That job," added the Chancellor, "I have undertaken." (Cheers.)

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Mr. Lloyd George's speech at Whitefield's Tabernacle is published yesterday in to-day's papers. The Chancellor spoke for two hours to a tumultuously enthusiastic audience, which greeted with tremendous cheering the declaration that "this Bill is going through this year, I will fight it through or fall."

Mr. Lloyd George taunted Mr. Balfour with inciting the trade unions and friendly societies to kill the Bill, which, the Chancellor said, the ex-Premier was afraid to oppose straightforwardly himself.

Continuing, he said that no minister before this occasion had asked his opponents for help to prepare a bill; but his opponents had rejected his offer, preferring to whisper calumnies but the measure which would do more to lighten the burden of misery than any measure since that which abolished the corn laws.

The Chancellor said he was humbly anxious to help the advent of a new era where the health of the multitude was more precious in the eyes of the law than the wealth of the few.

THE VICEROY'S VISIT TO HYDERABAD.

Official Programme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 15.

The following is the official programme of the Viceroy's visit:—8-15 a.m. arrival; 9-30 a.m. Mizaj Pursi; 10 40 a. m. H. H. the Nizam visits H. E. the Viceroy. 12 noon His Excellency returns H. H. the Nizam's visit. Afternoon, golf at Bolarum.

Tuesday—6-30 a.m. cheetah hunt; 9-30 p.m. Minister's breakfast; 2-30 p.m. His Highness the Nizam's private interview with the Viceroy at the Residency; 4 p.m. visit to Golconda and Mir Alum Tank; 8-30 p.m. banquet in Chau Mahala Palace.

Wednesday—8 a.m. review at Secunderabad; 4 p.m. visit to the Chau Mahala Palace; 8 p.m. dinner and reception; 11-30 p.m. private departure.

CHARGE OF ASSAULTING A BENGALI.

Capt. Schrottky Convicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

Mr. C. D. Ghose, Deputy Magistrate of Sealdah yesterday disposed of the case in which a Capt. Schrottky, an Ammunition Inspector of the Gun and Steel Factory, Cossipore, and Corporal G. Kirk of the 1st Middlesex Regiment were charged with committing a brutal assault on a Bengalee on the Dum Dum Station Road on the 3rd of August last for obstructing them while riding bicycles. His Worship delivered a separate judgment in each case and acquitted Corporal G. Kirk as he had acted in his right of private defence, but held that Captain Schrottky was guilty and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 15 or in default one week's simple imprisonment.

MATCHES AS RAILWAY FREIGHT

"Non-Safeties" in Powder Vans.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 14.

The North-Western Railway, under instructions from the Railway Board, lately made new rules that consignments of safety matches may still be carried as heretofore in ordinary wagons, non-safety matches must in future be carried in powder vans. As it is very difficult to get powder vans here in number of these vans being necessarily limited, and as Karachi importers are in consequence unable to execute orders from up-country, the Karachi Chamber of Commerce telegraphed to the Railway Board in strong protest against the sudden introduction of the new order, pointing out that the match trade is seriously inconvenienced and suggesting the withdrawal of the order pending the making of satisfactory arrangements. The Railway Board has replied that the matter is under consideration.

HINDU UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 14.

The Hon'ble Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya had to defer his departure until this afternoon, for further consultation regarding the Hindu University and left Simla for Meerut by the one o'clock train.

The conference with Mrs. Annie Besant has been fixed to be held at Benares on the 26th instant, when, it is hoped, the question of amalgamation will be settled. His Highness the Maharajah of Durbhanga who is here will confer with the Government of India about the constitutional details.

SIMLA, Oct. 14.

In connection with the Hindu University movement, the Maharaja of Durbhanga will leave Simla for Meerut to-morrow. The Hon'ble Pandit Malaviya will be at Muzaffernagar to-morrow, and will reach Meerut the following day. They will jointly address a public meeting to raise funds for the proposed University.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

Floods Delay an Advance.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14.

The Dibrugarh correspondent of the *Englishman* wires that the Brahmaputra flood is still rising, and for October, the height is unprecedented. The gauge, this morning, registered a flood level of twenty-two feet, one inch. The records kept since 1884 show that since that time only one similar flood has occurred and that was in October, 1894. The fact that a country-boat with letters and telegrams which left Kobo this morning, arrived at Dibrugarh in four hours is a strong testimony to the strength of the current. It would have been impossible to take it on by the usual route up stream to Sukwan. The telegraphic communication with Kobo has been interrupted for two days and postal communication, in spite of all efforts, will be irregular, whilst present conditions prevail.

The camp at Kobo, owing to floods and rains, is a scene of desolation and the 32nd Pioneers, among others, have been compelled to move their quarters.

It was currently reported that the first advance would be made on the 15th instant, but there is not much doubt that the present state of the country will mean a delay of, at least, ten days. The river at Kobo rose four feet between eight and nine o'clock last night. A telegraphist left the camp this morning in a dugout to ascertain where the interruption has taken place in the telegraph communication with Sadiya. The steamer "Battani" with more Naga coolies from Kookilamukh is due here to-day.

SIMLA, Oct. 14.

The General Officer Commanding wires from Kobo, on October 12, that the river has risen five feet during the night and is still rising. A later wire, of October 12, says that the weather continues wet and the river has risen thirteen feet since the 6th instant, and is still rising. The number of pioneers coming down indicates that the floods are the heaviest on the Dihong. The work on the road to Oniyak has been stopped until the water clears. The health of the troops remains good.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

The Dibrugarh correspondent of the "*Englishman*" wired yesterday:—

Rain and high flood continue, the river has risen a foot since yesterday morning, but had been abating gradually during to-day.

Belated news from Kobo via Mecola Nuddee Saw Mills advise that the camp is flooded and the water is only about two feet from the stockade which is situated on a high ground.

Postal and telegraphic arrangements are completely upset, the wire over the Dihong river has been carried away. There has been a rise of eighteen feet in three days and in the absence of news it may be taken that the conditions at Kobo must be terrible and it goes without saying that Birrang, Falek and Pesighat are all inundated.

Major Wilson's Abor war-dogs have arrived at Sikwa and arrangements have been made to send them on to Kobo to-morrow.

KOBO, Oct. 15.

Truly we live *sub Jove Pluvio* the hopeful sign being that the river has fallen one foot which may point to a cessation of rain in the hills. His Majesty's mail left yesterday in a dug-out. Telegraphic communication has not yet been resumed. The Sappers and Miners have recently been practising with two small short bomb guns made in imitation though after an improved pattern of those used by the Japanese in Port Arthur. They are called "Castor and Pollux" and are fired at an angle of forty-five degrees and can propel a five pound charge of dynamite about two hundred and fifty yards. The explosion is terrific and they should prove very effective in attacks on the stockades constituting themselves rivals of the two bubble and squeak guns, the two seven pounders with the 8th Gurkhas. The guns of the latter variety have been the friends of punitive expeditions for many years in Africa and India. In view of the subsequent fall of the river it has been considered advisable to open the road from here to Pasighat to make a landing place for supplies at that place. The distance is about six miles south-west of Kobo and already two miles of it have been cleared.

CALCUTTA-JAPAN SERVICE OF STEAMERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14.

Lively interest has been aroused among Calcutta shippers to Rangoon, by the result of the commencement, of the new Japanese steamship service to-day. The appearance was witnessed in the Hoogly river of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha's first steamer of their regular service between Calcutta and Japan and intermediate ports. The Company will give a rebate of 50 per cent. on rates charged by the British India and Asiatic Steam Navigation Companies. The low rates of freight will, it is said, lead to a considerable expansion of the trade with Burma from this side of India. Bombay shippers have for long time, enjoyed the benefit of competitive rates which are said to have enabled them to cut out goods from Calcutta.

PLEADER DISQUALIFIED FROM CERTIFYING BAIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14.

The Fourth Presidency Magistrate this afternoon has disposed of the notice issued on Mr. J. N. Roy Choudhary, a pleader practising in Calcutta Police Courts, to show cause why he should not be dealt with under the Legal Practitioner's Act. The pleader had certified a bail bond on behalf of an accused who was released on bail. On the day of hearing, the accused did not appear and hence the notice was issued on the pleader. The Magistrate, after hearing the pleader, ordered that he be disqualified from certifying in future in the Calcutta Police Court.

MIDNAPORE DAMAGE SUIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14.

All the three defendants in the Midnapore Damage Suit have been divested of their executive duties. Moulvi Mazharul Haque and Lal Mohan Guha, police defendants, are employed to do clerical duties in the office of the Inspector-General of Police. Mr. Weston has now been relieved of his duties as District Magistrate of Patna. He has been placed on special duty in connection with the reorganisation of the Chowkidari Department and the dividing of the sub-divisions into circles.

PUNJAB CIVIL JUSTICE.

Reduction in Number of Suits.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 14.

A Government resolution published in to-day's *Punjab Gazette* on the report of the administration of civil justice expresses satisfaction at the reduction in the number of suits which fell from 2,10,894 last year to 1,90,237 this year, and particularly at the fact that the number of such cases disposed of exceeded the number of fresh institutions by more than 1,200.

The all round outturn of work including regular, miscellaneous and original cases and appeals increased from 568 cases per officer in 1909 to 602 in the year under review. The Lieutenant-Governor suggests that the Government department should warn the subordinates of the necessity of accurately ascertaining their position before entering into arrangements with money-lenders to borrow money in promissory notes. His Honour does not consider that the European or Eurasian subordinate is entitled to much consideration at the hands of the courts. A man that signs a bond admitting he has received double the sum of money he was actually passed has only himself to blame. Still there is no harm in giving a warning. Speaking of the Insolvency Act, his Honour says it would appear that in the Punjab, a panacea, its aid was invoked to obtain declaration of insolvency merely as the readiest method of escaping from one's creditors.

Speaking of the work of bailiffs and process servers, his Honour says, "it is perhaps chimerical to hope for much improvement. So long as litigants listen readily to delay cases by summoning witnesses never intended to appear, so long will process servers be ready to back them up. So long as judgment debtors use every endeavour to make away with their property, so long will the bailiff be able to connive at fraud."

Above forty-three per cent of applications for executions were successful in whole or in part and about 27 per cent of the total value of the decrees executed was realised.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14.

The total approximate gross earnings of State and Guaranteed Railways from 13th April to 30th September, 1911, show a gain of Rs. 1,86,29,265 as compared with the corresponding figures of 1910-11.

Sanction has been accorded to the construction of a railway on the metre gauge from Rajbarkhawa, a station of the Bihar section of the Cooch-Behar Railway, to Dalsingpara, a length of 17-43 miles, as an integral part of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

Mr. J. H. Hein, Executive Engineer, State Railways, is, on return from leave, attached to Inspection Circle No. 3 Lucknow, until further orders.

MAHOMEDANS AND THE WAR WITH TURKEY.

We think it is time, writes the "Pioneer," that our Mahomedan friends in this country began to ask themselves the question whether the war between Italy and Turkey can be regarded only from one point of view, the religious. So far as we are aware the religious question has not entered into the calculations of the Italians in the smallest degree. Whatever the rights or the wrongs of the quarrel may be, Italy has annexed Tripoli not because she desired to put a slight upon the whole or any part of the Mahomedan world, but because she had interests in this particular region and came to the conclusion that the time had arrived to dispossess Turkey. Similarly when she made her unsuccessful attempt to annex the Christian kingdom of Abyssinia, the idea that she might thus rouse the whole of Christendom against her, never could have crossed the minds of her statesmen. While we have every sympathy with Moslem reverence for the Caliphate as a spiritual institution, while we can fully understand the intense interest which the war has aroused among Mahomedans in this country, we would strongly deprecate the tendency to allow the religious factor to dominate the discussion of purely temporal affairs. The war is a war between two States, not between two religions. The spiritual power of the Caliph cannot be affected by the transference of certain territory from Turkey to Italy. The Italians themselves are as deeply religious people and the majority of them are still Roman Catholics; their religion, however, did not prevent them from depriving the Pope of his temporal power when the unity of the kingdom required to be completed. Nor when Rome was taken by assault on the 21st September, 1870, did the Catholic countries in Europe see fit to intervene on behalf of the Pope. The commonsense of civilised humanity has realised that should we once permit the religious factor to assume undue prominence in mundane affairs, we should immediately get back to the stage of religious wars and persecutions when States and individuals had to suffer for the creeds they professed. Great Britian, our Mahomedan friends may rest assured, would be the first to resent any dishonour cast on the religion of his Mahomedan subjects; but as the Protector of Islam, it is not necessarily bound to protect the Young Turks against what appears to be largely the consequence of their own foolish policy of reliance upon the Triple Alliance. They had hoped that British Ministers might have been able to throw some light on the British Government's attitude in regard to the present war; because we were and are sufficiently convinced of the loyalty of Mahomedans in this country to Great Britain to believe that the community had only to hear the facts to appreciate the necessity for the course of action being pursued. It is evident, however, that we have a good deal still to learn about the matter, and in the meantime, while efforts are apparently being made to end a war, the continuance of which is regrettable on all grounds, we would ask our Mahomedan friends to show a little patience and not through any action of theirs add to the embarrassments of British statesmen.

INDIAN TROOPS FOR PERSIA.

In connection with the recent disturbance in Persia, the 6th Cavalry has also been under orders, and will shortly proceed to the Persian Gulf. The steamer "Ujina," of the British India Steam Navigation Company, has also been chartered to convey troops to the Gulf. The "Ujina" entered the Government Wet Basin on Saturday, where she also will be fitted up as a transport for the purpose. She is of 3,426 tons, and is under the command of Captain A. H. Hill.

The "Ujina" and the "Islander," who went into the basin on Friday, will each carry 200 men, including followers and 150 horses, and they will sail on the 19th inst.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 14.

Major L. B. Walton, 26th Punjabis, has been selected for appointment as Commandant of that Regiment.

Capt. R. G. Strange, R. A., has been selected to succeed Col. L. E Johnson as Assistant Quartermaster-General, Rawalpindi Division.

The tenure of appointment by Lieut.-Col. J. Fisher as Commandant, 18th Battalion, 2nd Gurkha Rifles, is extended to March 9 1913.

Second Lieut. Aga Murtaza Khan is attached to the 106th Pioneers.

INDIAN GOLD COINAGE ACT.

Bill to Amend.

The Hon. Mr. M. de P. Webb, C. I. E., Karachi, writes to us:—The events of the past year—wars, rumours of wars—strikes and labour difficulties—deficient rainfalls in West and East—food riots and threatened famine—accompanied by a general rise in prices all over the world, have brought home to everybody the fact that the period of political and economic peace which we have so long enjoyed, is liable to serious interruption,—perhaps at a moment when we least expect it.

Believing that in the event of such an interruption there would be a possibility of our artificially valued rupee collapsing to its gold value as mere metal, say 8d or 9d,—to the immeasurable loss and possible ruin of many firms and individuals in India, I have devoted some time to an examination of the facts of the situation in all its bearings.

I have arrived at the conclusion that the recommendations of the Indian Currency Committee of 1898 (generally referred to as the 'Fowler' Committee), ought to be accepted and put into practice forthwith.

Further, as the management of the Indian Currency by the Secretary of State and his Financial Advisers has, in the last few years, degenerated into what can only be characterised as a grave scandal, I am strongly of opinion that the procedure for carrying into effect the Indian Currency Committee's recommendations should, as far as practicable, be embodied in a legislative enactment. And that, too, without delay.

In order to facilitate progress in this direction, I attach hereto for consideration a draft Bill for amending the Indian Coinage Act. The Bill does not go very far, but it will serve as a commencement in the work of Indian Currency Reform.

Mr. Webb's Bill reads as follows:—

Proposed draft Bill by the Hon. Mr Webb.

Bill No. I of 1912.

An Act to amend the Indian Coinage Act, 1906.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Indian Coinage Act 1906 in manner hereinafter appearing, It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (a) This Act may be called the Indian Coinage Amendments Act 1912.

(b) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan, the Santhal Parganas and the Pargana of Spiti.

2. In this Act "the Gold Standard Reserve Fund," includes the existing Gold Standard Reserve Fund and all sums already received to the credit of the Gold Reserve Fund and the Gold Standard Reserve Fund from the coinage of new rupees and half-rupees since the 26th June, 1893.

3. After Section 3 of the Indian Coinage Act, 1906, hereinafter called "the said Act," the following sections shall be inserted.—

GOLD COINAGE.

(4) The following gold coins shall be coined at the Mint for issue under the authority of the Governor-General in Council: namely,

(a) A gold mohur or Indian sovereign.

(b) A Pagoda or Indian half-sovereign.

(5) (a) The standard weight of the gold mohur or Indian sovereign shall be 123·27447 grains troy; and its standard fineness shall be as follows, namely, eleven-twelfths fine gold and one-twelfth alloy.

(b) The Pagoda or Indian half-sovereign shall be of proportionate weight and of the same fineness.

Provided that, in the making of gold coins a remedy shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, namely:—

Denomination of Coin.	Weight per piece.	Remedy Allowance. Millesimal fineness.
Gold mohur or Indian sovereign...	0·20 grains.	2
Pagoda or Indian half-sovereign...	0·15 "	2

(6) Where any person brings to the mint any gold bullion, such bullion shall be assayed and coined and delivered out to such person, without any charge for such assay or coining, or for waste in coinage.

Provided that—

(a) If the fineness of the whole of the bullion so brought to the Mint is such that it cannot be brought to the standard fineness under this Act of the coin to be coined thereout, there shall be delivered to the person bringing the same such additional amount of coin as is proportionate to such superior fineness.

No undue preference shall be shown to any person under this section, and every person shall have priority according to the time at which he brought such bullion to the Mint.

4. In Section 4 of the Said Act, after the words "silver coin" the word "only" shall be omitted.

5. In Section 10 of the Said Act, Clause (c), after the word "all," the words "gold, silver, nickel and bronze," shall be inserted and the words "referred to in Sections 4, 6 and 8," shall be omitted.

6. In Section 10 of the said Act, sub-section 2, after the word "designs" the word "of the gold coins coined under this Act shall be those prescribed for the British sovereign and half-sovereign;—and shall be inserted.

7. After Section 10 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted:—

(14) The gold mohur of Indian sovereign, and the Pagoda or Indian half-sovereign shall be a legal tender (as the equivalent of fifteen rupees and seven and a half rupees respectively) for a payment of any amount.

Provided that the gold coins,

(a) have not lost weight so as to be less than 12·5 grains for the gold mohur or Indian sovereign, and 6·1·25 grains for the Pagoda or Indian half sovereign.

(b) Have not been defaced.

8. After Section 20 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted:—

(25) The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, issue to the master of the Mint out of the general revenues of the Government of India, such sums as may be necessary to enable him to purchase bullion in order to provide supplies of coin for the public service.

(26) All sums received by the master of the Mint in payment for rupees and half rupees produced from silver bullion purchased for coinage, shall, after the cost of the silver bullion used in the manufacture of the said rupees and half-rupees has been deducted, be kept separate from the general revenues of the Government of India and paid into the Gold Standard Reserve Fund.

(27) The Gold Standard Reserve Fund shall be held in India in gold.

9. Sections 4 to 10 inclusive of the said Act shall be re-numbered 7 to 13 respectively; Sections 11 to 20 inclusive of the said Act shall be re-numbered 15 to 24 respectively; and Sections 21 to 24 of the said Act shall be re-numbered 28 to 31 respectively.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to give effect to the recommendations of the Indian Currency Committee, 1898.

NOTE ON CLAUSES.

Clause 3.—The additional sections are taken from the British Coinage Act, the weight, fineness, and remedy for the Gold Mohur and Pagoda are exactly the same as those of the British sovereign and half-sovereign.

Clause 7.—The legal tender clause has been adopted from the legal tender provisions of the British Coinage Act.

Clause 8.—The new sections are to give powers to the Government of India to provide coins for the public use as may be found expedient; to provide for profits on the manufacture of rupees and half-rupees being carried to the Gold Standard Reserve Fund, and to provide for the retention of the Gold, Standard Reserve Fund in Gold, in India.

BHAVNAGAR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 15.

The exhibits sent by Prince Mantorkuverba at the Festival of Empire Imperial Exhibition, held in London in connection with the Coronation of His Majesty King George, have been commended and awarded a diploma.

The construction of wave works at Ramdhari near Porabandar is taken in hand at an estimated cost of six lakhs of rupees.

The Dhasa-Kundla line is opened for traffic up to Lilia. The linking from Lilia to Kundla has commenced. The survey of the Bhatia-Jasdan line is being made, the line being about 33 miles.

It is still very hot this side,

SPORTING NEWS.

RACING.

Poona Eleventh Extra Meeting.

There was another card of seven events for the Eleventh Extra Meeting, the last but one, and a fair number turned up to have rather a poor time of it in the betting ring after scoring in the opening event. Some of the fields were small, but others very good and exciting finishes helped to make up for the absence of the good class which is not to be expected at the end of a season. It has taken some time for the rule which prohibits jockeys being bribed to give away probable winners to make itself felt, but the Stewards have now found an opportunity to make use of it. Full particulars will appear in the Calendar. Suffice it to say for the present that a fairly well-known punter adopted these means in trying to get on to one of Byramjee's rods in pickle with Brown, the jockey, as the medium. The said fortune hunter now suffers the extreme penalty.

As to the racing, five only went out in the mile and in that distance favours him more than that over which he lost to Sir Hugo and Parliament, Grand Duke was made a decisive favourite. Terror relieved him of his usual duty of pace-making for about five furlongs when he began to tire. Baloz was meeting a much better class than last time, so that it was left to Parliament and Sir Hugo to chose the favourite, but without success, though he could not have gone much faster himself.

Being for maidens, the Auction Plate had a poor class. Golden Day having previously flattered most was made favourite with Framroz. These only led for a time, the former allowing the latter to get ahead at the turn and badly interfere with him later. In the end Six Fifty, left the last time out, came outside and smothered them all, an outsider in Papa upsetting the place betting. Takte Jamshed ran wide all the way.

With six in the big horse sprint, betting was very good, twos on offer the field with Lord Merv, Picturesque, Hant Park and Lord Carlyon fancied in that order. It was a very interesting race to follow as five of them ran practically level nearly to the distance, Metal Girl then Picturesque showing in front. Lord Merv had to go rather a long way round, but he came level with Picturesque at the distance, where Malmsey and Lord Carlyon began to fall away from them. Lord Merv was getting the better of the duel by a very narrow margin, when Haut Park, who had been last during the earlier stages, found a lucky opening along the rails, shot through and had the race won. He does not score out of his turn, as since promising as announced in these notes he has been bumped out of a sprint and then met too hot a customer in Bull's Run, who presumably is not to be exposed any further till Calcutta.

There was a good race again in the Pony Consolation first division, thirteen starting with Minerva several points shorter than anything else. He is credited with having got away badly, and has never been seen anywhere near the front, but that he has done no work since he last ran may have had some bearing on it. Kaharaman then Pendil made the running, till facing for home Peter Pan came through. But for the whip the race would never have been in doubt, as he passed the post under the judge's box only a neck behind Pendil. As soon as he was hit he made for the tan and incidentally spoilt Kaharaman's chance by crossing him. Peter Pan is the property of a Karachi sportsman, who was present, and it will be remembered he beat a useful pony in Sirdar after a dead heat in a race round the course.

The maiden mile race was thought good for Bushoosh despite his weight, and he ran very gamely under it all the way, following Avis and then Ghalyum, who went into the lead at the five only to stop in the straight after seemingly going easy. This left Bushoosh in the lead, but Mexico came up in much the same style as has his stable companion Baloz of late and outstayed him as well as Sir Edward, whose run was timed very late. Bheema was sold after the race, but is now to be made use of on the polo ground instead.

From ten on the card, the field for the October Plate dwindled to three only, and betting was very open. Solution was backed to shortest odds, but money coming for the other two, there was not much in it between them at the finish. As suggested by his finish when last winning, Pincher proved quite able to get another couple of furlongs and his backers never really had occasion to feel anxious. He took a three length lead from Solution, who was settled when she made her effort, and gamely as Gallileo finished Pincher was able to leave him again. We remarked when he beat Lord Carlyon, that Pincher was running on, and it was surprising he started at such good odds.

Lastly the second division of the Pony Consolation, was about the worst upset experienced, Maimoon and Dilerjung being the best backed. The former made no show, but the latter took command in the straight after Makeb had been made too much use of. Dilerjung has always been a battler, but though he stuck to his work to the end he had naturally no chance with Creditor for pace, after the latter had been carefully nursed all the way. Fado again ran well and beat Prince of Wales, who is striking form rather too late. The rider of Sirkar, the trainer's brother, came down near home, and was lucky to be in the neck at the time, thus having none to gallop over him.

We have our last fling on Monday, prior to the interval following before the Bombay Extras commence. Details:—

Details :—

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs. Distance :—1 mile.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's Grand Duke 8st. 3lbs. ....Ferguson 1
Mr. G. K's. Parliament 8st 4lbs. .....Barrett 2
Mr. Heath's Sir Hugo 8st. 8lbs.....Robinson 3
Mr. M. Gooculdass's Baloz 8st. 2lbs. .....Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN :—Terror 7st. 6l bs. (Kuhn.)

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Grand Duke, 4 to 1 Parliament and Sir Hugo, 6 to 1 Baloz, 10 to 1 Terror.

THE RACE :—Parliament was first out from Grand Duke in a good start, then Terror came outside to go clear ahead from Grand Duke, next being Parliament and Baloz. At the half mile Baloz ran third, and a furlong later Terror dropped right away, keeping his place inside Baloz. Parliament ran up second on entering the straight and Sir Hugo shewed on the extreme outside, but none of them could get on terms with Grand Duke, who won by three lengths, two and a half next and ten lengths between third and fourth. Time :—1min. 53secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

AUCTION PLATE.—Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. For Maiden Arabs 14 hands and under landed on or after 1st July, 1910. Distance :—5 furlongs.

Mr. M. Gooculdass's Six Fifty 7st. 6lbs.....Hoyt 1
Mr. Nasar Abdula's Papa 7st. 6lbs.....Mujeed 2
Mr. L. Kalidass's Framroz 8st. 11b.....Ferguson 3
Mr. D ra Cowasjee's Little Boy 7st. 6lbs...Native 4

ALSO RAN.—Takte Jamshed 7st. 12lbs. (Kamad); Bin Hind 7st. 12lbs (Native); Golden Day 7st. 6lbs. (Kuhn.)

BETTING.—2 to 1 against Framroz and Golden Day, 6 to 1 Six Fifty, 10 to 1 Takte Jamshed and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE.—Three got out in a line clear of the rest, Golden Day on the rails, next Framroz and Takte Jamshed, fourth being Papa and then Six Fifty. On reaching the turn Takte Jamshed began to fall back and Golden Day was passed by Framroz, who came across him with Papa coming up. None of these had much left in them, so that when Six Fifty put in his run outside he was able to wear them down and win fairly comfortably by two and a half lengths, neck between next two and two and a half lengths away fourth. Time.—1min. 9 4-5secs.

(Winner trained by Bleach.)

There was no bidding.

A CONSOLATION PLATE—Winner Rs. 1,000 second Rs. 300, third Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Horses which have not won flat race value Rs 1,000 or over since 21st March, 1911.—Distance:—5 furlongs.

Chief of Manavadar's Haut Park 8st 9lbs...Ames 1
Mr. A J De Souza's Lord Merv 9st 12lbs..Ferguson 2
Mr. G K's Picturesque 9st 5lbs ... .Barrett 3
Mr. R R S's Metal Girl 6st 11lbs (cd.) 6st 12lbs ..... McGlone 4

ALSO RAN :—Malmsey, 9st 11lbs (Southall); Lord Carlyon 9st 4lbs (Hoyt.)

BETTING :—2 to 1 against Lord Merv, 4 to 1 Picturesque and Haut Park, 5 to 1 Lord Carlyon, 6 to 1 Malmsey, 10 to 1 Metal Girl.

THE RACE :—They got away well bunch, Metal Girl with Lord Merv outside being first seen in front, but soon all but Haut Park were very close to Metal Girl. She began to go back from the three furlongs, where Picturesque assumed command on the rails with Malmsey and Lord Carlyon practically level. As they negotiated the bend, Malmsey ran up level with Picturesque and Lord Merv on the extreme outside came up to Lord Carlyon. First it looked to be Picturesque's race, then Lord Merv just managed to head him when in the last few strides Haut Park came through an opening on the rails and won a very good race by a length, head next and two and a half lengths next. Time :—1 min. 2 4-5 secs.

(Winner trained by J. M. Stevenson.)

AN ARAB PONY CONSOLATION PLATE.—(Divided). Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs 14 hands and under which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1911. Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Ahmed Hazamy's Pendil, 7st. 4lbs.....Kuhn 1
Mr. A. Fraser's Peter Pan, 8st. 6lbs.....Spencer 2
Mr. Dancon Zaidan's Kaharaman, 8st, 11b..Brown 3
Messrs. Mujid Jurgis and A. S. Oomer's Little Laffy, 8st. 5lbs. carried 8st. 7lbs .....Evans 4

ALSO RAN :—Prime Minister, 8st. 13lbs. (Southall); Minerva, 8st. 11lbs. (Robinson); Dilkhush, 8st. 5lbs (Barrett); Vazir, 8st. 4lbs. (Ferguson); Zaffer Beg, 7st. 13lbs. (Hoyt); Woolwinder, 7st. 11lbs (Vincent); Zari, 7st. 7lbs. (Kamad); Good Evening, 7st. 5lbs. (Bennett.)

BETTING :—5 to 2 against Minerva, 6 to 1 Little Laffy, 7 to 1 Peter Pan, 8 to 1 Pendil, 10 to 1 Dilkhush, Zuffer Beg and Woolwinder, and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE :—The big field were fairly well away, but several lost their chances at the start, first out being Kaharaman from Pendil, next being a bunch amongst which Peter Pan with Vazir outside were noticeable, at the three furlongs the field was well bunched, and as they turned for home Peter Pan came through followed by Little Laffy. All appeared to be over, but soon after the distance Peter Pan began to swerve out, and being on the tan at the post was beaten by a neck, three quarters and two lengths next. Time.—1min. 23 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

AN ARAB MAIDEN PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. A Handicap for Maiden Arabs. Distance.—1 mile.

Mr. M. Gooculdass's Mexico 7st. 2lbs. .....Hoyt 1
Mr. Heath's Sir Edward 8st. 4lbs.....Robinson 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Bushoosh 9st. 10lbs Ferguson 3
Mr. Yussuf bin Essa's Ghalyum 7st. 13lbs. .....Southall 4

ALSO RAN:—Submit 8st. 10lbs. (Barrett); Avis 7st. 11lbs. (Kamad); Bheema 7st. 8lbs. (Mujeed); Bunsee 7st. 7lbs. (Yurruf).

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Bushoosh; 4 to 1 Submit, 5 to 1 Ghalyum; 6 to 1 Sir Edward; 7 to 1 Mexico; 10 to 1 Bunsee and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE.—Avis went out at once to make the running followed by Bushoosh, Submit, Bunsee and Mexico, but before going half the journey Ghalyum put in a run and took the lead with others well up. At the home turn Ghalyum still led from Bushoosh, and Mexico put in an appearance outside Bushoosh passed the leader, but Mexico hung on and gradually wore him down and eventually stayed out a late run by Sir Edward, with comparative ease, by a length and a half, head and half a length next. Time :—1min 56 3-6secs.

(Winner trained by Bleach.)

THE OCTOBER PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1000, second Rs. 300, third Rs, 200. A High Weight Handicap for Horses. Distance :—7 furlongs.

Mr. Homi Billimoria's Pincher 7st. 8lbs...Ferguson 1
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Gallileo 9st. 3lbs. .....Evans 2
Mr. M. Gooculdass's Solution 8st. 5lbs .....Hoyt 3

BETTING :—6 to 4 against Solution and Gallileo, 2 to 1 Pincher.

THE RACE :—As soon as they settled down, Pincher took a three length lead from Solution with Gallileo about the same distance further behind. this remained unchanged till near the last bend, Gallileo began to move up and passed Solution in the straight, but on drawing near Pincher the latter was able to go away again. Won by two lengths; three lengths next. Time :—1min. 29 4-5secs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.)

AN ARAB PONY CONSOLATION PLATE.—(Divided) Winner Rs. 500, second Rs. 200, third Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs 14 hands and under which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March 1911. Distance :—6 furlongs.

Mr. Beg's Creditor 9st 9lbs.....Taylor 1
Mr. J. Crawford's Dilerjung 8st 6lbs.....Ferguson 2
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy's Fado 8st 4lbs.....Kuhn 3
Mr. S A Wahed's Prince of Wales 7st 7lbs. Mujeed 4

ALSO RAN :—Nurgis, 9st 4lbs (Hazza); Makeb, 9st 11b (Evans); Mishriff, 9st 11b (Brown); Maimoon, 8st 13lbs (Hoyt); Mars, 8st 11lbs (Robinson); Aurum, 8st 8lbs (Yusuf); Sinclair, 8st 5lbs (Kamad); Sirkar, 8st 4lbs (Native); Fairplay, 7st 13lbs (Barrett); Compact 7st 12lbs (Southall); Shihab 7st, 10lbs (Bennett).

BETTING :—4 to 1 against Maimoon and Dilerjung, 5 to 1 Makeb, 6 to 1 Fairplay, 8 to 1 Fado, Compact and Mishriff, 10 to 1 Creditor and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE :—Getting away well together Creditor was first to show out from compact, then Shihab passed them and within a furlong, Makeb had gone to the front followed by Shihab, Dilerjung and Aurum with others right up to them. As they turned for home, Dilerjung came up to Makeb, who tired, and was lasting out, when Creditor came again with a wet rail and won cleverly by a head, three quarters and three lenghs next. Time :—1 min. 23 4-5 secs.

(Dinner tranied by Cowasjee Burjorjee.)

BOMBAY MOUNTED SPORTS.

Final Meeting.

THE last meeting of this year's Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports was held on Saturday afternoon, when around the tent on the Marine Lines Maidan gathered a large crowd, which included many ladies. There was again very good sport, and the Stewart Cup, which is held annually by the winner of the highest aggregate marks during the meeting was won by H. G. W. Meikle, who has all through shown excellent form. He obtained 40 points, while T. D. Moore was a close second with 38. The winner of the highest aggregate of marks for the season was E. G. Pearson, with J. H. Knight-Bruce second, while the ladies' aggregate was won by Mrs. McCausland.

Turning to the events of Saturday, the first item was tent-pegging in fours, and T. D. Moore's section beat R. A. Spence's section which took second place, rather easily. The second run by the winning team was remarkably well done, the section keeping well together and taking all four pegs. The next event was jumping in sections of four. In this event H. F. Lodge's section took first place and A. E. Baird's section second. Six sections competed and there was close competition between the two who were placed and R. A. Spence's section. However, the winners were distinctly superior, their jumping being particularly clean and their dressing excellent. In the Balaclave Melee Moore's section won with Pearson's section second. Moore and Pearson were left in for the last round, and had a splendid fight. Pearson early on flattened his opponent's plume on his head-piece in such a way that it was difficult to dislodge it. However, he defended his own plume well and eventually was defeated by being disarmed. In the next event, a Chatty Race, Knight-Bruce was the first to pick up his chatty and was getting well away when he dropped it near the first bend, allowing Saxby to win with Pearson second. Saxby and Miss Stileman won the ladies nomination event and this concluded the programme. There was no consolation scurry as all the horses on the ground had won races at one time or another.

Afterwards the prizes were given away at the Gymkhana by Mrs. Powys Lane.

Mr. Justice Russell made a brief speech, in which he said that the sports had been conducted this year in a better way than they had been for a long time. They had had excellent sport during the rains, and he was sure that the jumping by sections that afternoon was extremely well done, and was worthy of any gymkhana in India.

Results :—

Tent-pegging (sections): 1, T. D. Moore, H. Saxby, J. H. W. Knight-Bruce and H. G. W. Meikle; 2, R. A. Spense, A. E. Baird, H. F. Lodge and R. C Lowndes.

Jumping (sections): 1, H. F. Lodge, H. P. Adair, E. Reid and R. C. Lowndes; 2, A. E. Baird, R. Ellis, C. W. Wales, H. G. Pirrie.

Balaclava Melee: 1, T. D. Moore, L. H. Savile, J. H. W. Knight-Bruce and H. G. W. Meikle; 2, E. G. Pearson, V. F. Gray, J. R. Webster, and V. J. Reed.

Chatty Race: 1, H. Saxby, 2, E. G. Pearson; 3, C. Tomes.

Aunt Sally: 1, Miss Stileman and H. Saxby; 2, Mrs. Pearson and E. G. Pearson.

BOXING IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 15.

On Saturday night, a fairly large number turned upon the Polo ground to witness the programme of Boxing including four fights. The chief one was between Ray King of Australia and Pte Makins of the North Lancs. This was very disappointing as after the first round Makins got home on the head and King was subsequently dazed. He went down three times in the third round and after being on the boards for eight counts was then knocked right out. Both agreed to allow hitting as long as one arm was free, but King failed to score in this as heavily as expected, the style being strange to Makins. King fought under the disadvantage of not being by any means fit and should have made a point of being in better hands for his training and general management than those of the ex-Jockey.

The first fight was the best, being between Moane and Parr, the latter piling up points and retaining his lead, but the heavy weight contest ended in the third round. Kennard who won recently in the Warwicks tournament, knocked Warner out after the latter had looked like winning. Wingfield and Rowlands went in for spirited slogging without defence. In the second round Rowlands was continually floored and in the next could not rise to the count after very game struggle. Captain Leahy again proved himself very efficient referee with Mr. Ben Defreece as timekeeper and Mr. Harding, as stake holder. Results:—

Pte. Parr, North Lancs, beat Drummer Moane, Dorsets, on points.

Pte. Kinnard, North Lancs, knocked out Pte. Warner, Warwicks, in the third round.

Pte. Wingfield, North Lancs, knocked out Pte. Rowlands, Dorsets, in the third round.

Pte. Makins, North Lancs, knocked out Ray King in the fourth round.

PARSEE ASSOCIATION OF EUROPE.

Annual Meeting.

The Annual General Meeting of this Association was held at Westminster, Palace Hotel, London, on the 13th of August (Kadmi New Years Day), when there were present nearly seventy Parsee ladies and gentlemen, including Sir M. M. Bhownaggree, Chairman, Mr. N. J. Mulla, Hon. Secy. Mr. Framji B. Camaand Mr R. L. Batliboi, Members of Committee of the Association, Mr. Shapurji Broacha, Mr. N. R. Motabhoy, Dr. P. Bhedwar, Mr. S. Saklatvala, and many others whose names are given in the report of the Pateti Festival.

The Chairman in proposing the adoption of the report, dwelt at some length upon the several points mentioned therein. As regards the help which the Association's general funds were intended to give, he explained that by the rules which had now a statutory authority, they were authorised only to give such help in two respects: one was for the burial of any deceased member of the Community, who had either as relatives or friends to defray the expenses of that last rite, and the second was to pay the passage back to his home of any Parsee who was unable to do so. There had prevailed some impression that out of the fund could be given help for the continued residence in Europe of any Parsee who was unable to pay for his living. That was a mistake. The fund was not so copious as to allow of it, and even if it was, it would be an erroneous policy to denote it towards keeping a destitute Parsee in England or any part of Europe, where the cost of living was much higher than in India. The best thing that could happen in the case of any one who had not resources enough to pay his way here was to restore him to his home and family, for his chances of profitable employment here were very few, almost nil, and any further time spent in living here would be wasted. Any one even with a slight acquaintance of the conditions of life in Europe would testify to this. For the purposes on which the fund, or rather the interest on the capital, was expended, so far they had been able to meet all calls upon it, and the extra expenditure on incorporation had been nearly defrayed from the generous donations of Sir D. M. Petit and Mr. S. B. Broacha of £50 each. Thanks also to many generous donors who had helped them in recent years, and he had again special pleasure in announcing that Mrs. N. N. Wadia, the generous widow of their late distinguished compatriot, the Hon. Mr. Nusserwanjee Nowrojee Wadia, had promised to defray the cost of some repairs to their chapel at the Necropolis, which were necessary (loud cheers). Still it was likely that cases for relief might, in a given year, require the Association to meet expenses in excess of the income of the Fund. He was pleased to note that a fair number of visitors and residents had in the course of the past year become life and ordinary members. Even that afternoon about half a dozen new members had been enrolled, and he trusted that every new Parsee visitor would make a point of giving a subscription to the Association" (cheers).

THE PARSEE NEW YEAR FESTIVAL IN LONDON.

The Parsee New Year, which fell on Wednesday the 13th September 1911, was celebrated by the community in England, in convivial fashion under the auspices of the Parsee Association of Europe. In spite of the slack time of the season, and many residents and visitors having left, the company comprised of nearly one hundred ladies and gentlemen, being the largest communal gathering ever assembled in Europe. Those who had signified their intention of being present were invited through the Association by Mr. and Mrs. Ratan Tata to an "At Home" in the afternoon at their historic Mansion, York House, Twickenham. The weather was trying, a copious and welcome rainfall throughout the day having relieved the prolonged sultry weather of the previous weeks, but it did not seem to have deterred any of the party from undertaking the journey from town.

Mr. and Mrs. Ratan Tata cordially received the company at 5 p. m. They were treated to a sumptuous tea and refreshments in the dining hall, where the now famous portrait of the hostess forms the centre of a collection of rare works of Art. These and the other prominent features of the Mansion were inspected by the guests with great interest, after which they left for the adjoining hotel at Eel Pie Island. The capacious hall of that Hostelry was laid out with the banquet and beautifully decorated, and there was also provided a fine musical programme which was gone through during the dinner. The menu, which was excellent, was made further attractive by the addition of Indian condiments and other dainties kindly provided from York House. At the conclusion of the dinner, Sir M. M. Bhownaggree, the Chairman, proposed the first two toasts of His Majesty the King, and of their Majesties Queen Mary, Queen Alexandra and the rest of the Royal Family, remarking that their Majesties and the members of the Royal Family, notably the Duke and Duchess of Connaught since His Royal Highness held the Bombay Command, had ever evinced the liveliest interest in the welfare of the people of India (Applause). He expressed the hope that during their forthcoming visit, the King and Queen would meet, if possible with even a more cordial and enthusiastic reception from their millions of loyal subjects there than they had during their last visit (Loud cheers).

The toasts were drunk enthusiastically, all the company upstanding and joining in singing the National Anthem.

The next toast "The New year and the Parsee community" was then proposed by Mr. Antia. It was acknowledged in a fine speech by Mr. B. J. Dalal, I.C.S. who dwelt upon the traditions handed down to the community and the obligation which lay upon them to maintain the same, which they could do by an exercise of the fine characteristics of their race and of mutual help (cheers). Dr. Gotta, who also responded as an old settler in England, said it gave him and those who were for more or less prolonged periods resident in England, great pleasure to see so large a gethering of their compatriots on that occasion. They were always delighted to meet visitors and the younger members of the community who came here in pursuit of studies and anxious to help them in any way they could.

The toast of "the Ladies" was next given in some well-chosen words by Mr. N. F. Surveyor, who remarked that the celebration of the day was rendered more than usually delightful by the charming presence of so many ladies. (Cheers).

Mrs. Rustomjee Furdoonjee, who responded in an excellent speech, acknowledged on behalf of the ladies present the compliment paid them by the assemblage. They were pleased to be at the festivity in large numbers, which in itself was evidence of the advancement of the community in the paths of progress. They now sent their daughters, as well as their boys to Europe to be educated; but she hoped their education would be such as to befit them for the duties of home and the sphere of womanhood and to be in later life worthy help-mates of the rising generation of the community (Loud applause).

The toast of the Parsee Association of Europe, was proposed by Mr. David Nimmo, who dwelt upon the excellent work that body had been doing both in he way of benevolence, and in safe-guarding the interests of the community. The Chairman and Committee had been very zealous in performing their duties unselfishly, and they and their venerable Secretary, Mr. N. J. Mulla, with whose name he coupled the toast, and on whom the bront of the onerous routine work lay, were entitled to the gratitude of all present (cheers). Mr. Ball also supported the toast.

Mr. N. J. Mulla, who responded, said that he as well as the Chairman and Committee greatly appreciated the handsome manner in which any exertions they had to put forth were acknowledged that evening. The work of the Association had grown in recent years and in discharging his duties he wished to acknowledge the help received from the Committee and especially from Sir Mancherjee who had been the life and soul of the Association (cheers.) They had all tried their best to make the Association a live agency for the benefit of their compatriots who were for the time being in Europe.

Mr. Framroze Doctor then proposed the health of the Chairman, and recalled that Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji (cheers) and Sir Mancherjee had been the first and only two distinguished men from India, who had opened the portals of the Imperial Parliament to their countrymen (loud cheers). Their services to their country were matters of history, and he hoped it may not be long before Sir Mancherjee again entered St. Stephens (applause). As Chairman of the Association, he had also been rendering valuable services to their community, and to the people of India generally his help and experienced advice were of inestimable benefit. He wished there were many Bhownaggrees in their community (loud cheers).

The Chairman said before acknowledging the toast, he wished to mention that an obligation had been laid upon him by Mr. and Mrs. Ratan Tata not to make any reference to the sense of gratitude which the company entertained towards them. It was a modest but thoroughly genuine request, and as a personal friend he would like to respect it. But at that moment he was in a position of responsibility to all present there, and they had a right to claim from him an expression of a thought uppermost in their minds. That thought was that it was due to Mr. and Mrs. Ratan Tata that they had had a record celebration of the Pateti Festival (Loud Cheers). Their kindly reception at York House and liberal hospitality had imparted to the Association's efforts of that evening a unique and pleasant character, and he hoped in future years the community might experience the same kindly interest from them on similar occasions (Cheers). Referring to the toast of his health, Sir Mancherjee thanked the proposer and the company present for the all too flattering manner in which it was given and received. It was most appropriate that in that connection the name should have been prominently mentioned of their venerable and distinguished compatriot Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji (prolonged cheers). They would learn with equal pleasure as himself that he had to a great extent re-established his health, and if after a period of rest, they could get him back to fight another election, it would be consistent with the propheey he (the speaker) had made at the time of his serious illness, that his habits of life were so abstemious that he for one had no fear as others had, that their venerable friend had closed his public career (Cheers). As to the allusion made by Mr. Framroze to his own entrance again to St. Stephens, Sir Mancherjee would make no definite statement save that the matter was under consideration (Loud cheers). But, he said, they had met that night as members of a community to which they were proud to belong, and by means of the Association in England, they all could do much by united and harmonious action to further communal interests. The gathering there was proof of how under a proper organization every well-intentioned Parsee can meet his brother and sister in good fellowship and a spirit of mutual help feelings which were now more than ever necessary for the preservation of our communal interests. Owing to their very small numbers, the Parsees were at a disadvantage compared to other races. The competition into which they had to enter with those races was healthy and calculated to bring into play their better characteristics, for their Hindu and Mahomedan brethren had made such advance in the paths of enlightenment and education that it would need all the exercise of those talents which had enabled their fathers to make for the community an honoured place in India for the modern Parsees to retain it (cheers). Towards that end, their Association in Europe was striving in its humble way and according to its few opportunities by harmonious effort and he would again take the opportunity of thanking their old and esteemed Secretary, Mr. Mulla, for the zeal and assiduity with which he had for years past at great sacrifice of time attended to the increasing work of that body (Cheers.) He would also like to thank Mr. N. N. M. Wadia, for the great trouble he had taken in helping the Association to make that day's functions such a great success, and would conclude by wishing all those present, and the whole community a prosperous and a Happy New Year (Loud applause).

The proceedings were brought to a conclusion to the strains of "God save the King"

SIMLA VOLUNTEERS.

Lady Hardinge Distributes Prizes.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 15.

Her Excellency Lady Hardinge gave away the prizes to the Simla Volunteer Rifles in connection with the annual rifle meeting yesterday afternoon. The Volunteers assembled at Chaura Maidan at 2-45 p. m. and marched to Viceregal Lodge, the band of F. (Sanawar) Coy, kindly lent by Major Hildersley, preceding them. On one of the ever green plots in the vicinity of the lodge a large shamiana with refreshments was tastefully laid out, the whole entrance being covered with union jacks and immediately in front of it the magnificent cups and other prizes were exhibited on a large table, comfortable chairs being arranged in rows on the sides to seat a large number.

Major Henry, in the absence of the Hon. Lt. Col. Meston, opened the proceedings with a speech. He regretted the absence of His Excellency the Viceroy, Hony. Col. of the Corps, who however set aside a few moments to wish the Battalion good-bye on the morning of the 13th at the inspection parade notwithstanding that State affairs obliged him to leave Simla the same afternoon. He also expressed regret at Lt. Col. Meston's inability to be present on either occasion, having at the last moment to give way to his medical adviser. He observed that the meeting was a record one in the matter of entries, large number of marksmen and keen competition. He congratulated Lance Sergeant W. C. Rivett on winning both the Viceroy's and Commander-in-Chief's Cups, the A. Company on securing the Walker Shield after twenty-one years and added that for this result, Capt. H. Vaughan Rees, Commanding that Company, deserved every credit for his personal efforts and good example, and F. (Sanawar) Company for having won the Indo-Transvaal match and the Hill Memorial Challenge Cup with record scores and the All India Cadet match, Sergt. W. H. Costelle of the same Company for winning the prize for the highest score in the Hill Memorial Challenge Competition and the Divisional Medal, Cadet Denton of F. Company for carrying off the "Bangalore Post" All India Individual Cadet Competition, Mrs. W. C. Rivett for being successful once more in scoring the highest aggregate without handicap points in all the miniature Rifle Club matches of the season and gaining the Silver Challenge rose bowl. Captain Watson-Smyth, Adjutant, he said, was indefatigable in his work and conducted his duties not only with perfect knowledge of drill but combined with zealous tact, and eulogised the help rendered by the Sergeant Major and Sergeant Instructors. Major Henry then asked Her Excellency to very kindly distribute the prizes.

After the distribution he on behalf of the Battalion thanked Her Excellency Lady Hardinge for her warm welcome and kind hospitality and asked Her Excellency to convey an expression of their grateful thanks to His Excellency and called for three cheers which were accorded with great enthusiasm. The Viceroy's band discoursed music of, as usual, a high order throughout. Her Excellency Lady Hardinge, the Hon. A. Hardinge and Diamond Hardinge, Viscountess Hardinge, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and Lady O'Moore Creagh, Sir Arthur and Lady Barrett, Sir James and Lady Walker, the Hon. Mr. S. H. Butler, Col. W. A. Watson, Colonel, Mrs. and Miss Walter were present.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

TROPICAL
THE NEW
CONTINENTAL TYRE.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

LATEST RECORD.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

6,300 MILES
ON
BACK WHEELS
OF
BOMBAY TAXI CABS.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

BEST
FOR
INDIA.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 14.

The rainfall yesterday was practically confined to Eastern Bengal and Assam. It was heavy in the Assam Valley and probably in the Abor country. It appears that snow has been falling in the extreme east of the Himalayas, a change, however, is now occurring in those regions which may, in the course of a few days, result in dry cool weather there. Light rain continues to fall in the South of the Peninsula. The principal amounts of rainfall are:—Dibrugarh, one inch; Sibsagar, Silchar and Shillong, two; Cheerapunji, twelve; Tezpur, Gauhati, Mymensingh one and a half; and Cochin, one.

The forecast shows some diminution of rainfall in north-east India and an increase in the south of the Peninsula.

EARTHQUAKE RECORDED AT SIMLA.

SIMLA, OCT. 14.

A slight shock was recorded in Simla this morning at four hours, thirty-one minutes.

THE WEEK'S RAINFALL.

SIMLA, OCT. 14.

The rainfall during the past week was very largely above the normal over the whole of north-east India, in the United Provinces, the east of Central India east, and the Central Provinces. The fall was in moderate excess on the Madras Coast, north in slight defect in Lower Burma and Malabar, and in moderate defect elsewhere. During the period from the 28th April to 12th October, it was in slight excess in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Ohhota Nagpur and Bihar. It was about normal in Burma, the United Provinces, the east of Central India east, the Central Provinces east, and Mysore, in large defect in Sind and Gujarat and in slight moderate defect elsewhere. Agricultural conditions remain unchanged.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 14th OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 14th October, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is above the average at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air and temperature are nearly equal to the average.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. The air is slightly drier than usual. Temperature is normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Cloud has decreased and skies are now lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Temperature is normal except for an excess in north Gujarat during day and a defect at Veraval at night.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear in the eastern districts and lightly to moderately clouded over the rest of the division. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is equal to the average.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are heavily clouded in the south Bombay Deccan any Hyderabad and clear elsewhere. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Day temperature is above the average; night temperature is also in excess at Malegaon.

General Remarks.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Mysore and on the Malabar Coast and very light showers have been recorded in the south Bombay Deccan. Colombo reports a heavy fall of 1·34" and Cochin 1·11." Cloud has increased and skies are moderately to heavily clouded on the Coromandel Coast and also in Ceylon. Conditions are slightly unsettled in the extreme north.

Nearly general rain is likely in the south of the Peninsula and on the Malabar Coast. A few showers may occur in the south Bombay Deccan and on the Coromandel Coast.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 16th October.

239 Parades—Saturday 21st October 1911. Commanding Officers Parades.

Dress—Drill Order, (Belts and Bayonets to be worn. Pouch worn behind). Khaki and Helmets. All members are requested to attend this parade. Parade at Head Quarters at 5-30 p. m.

240. Orderly Sergeant.—Orderly Sergeant for the week ending Sunday 22nd October 1911:—No 1 Company Sergt H E Cubbins No 2 Company Sergt J Clarke.

241. Strength.—The undermentioned Members are struck off the strength of the Corps from this date—Corpl H W Shepherd, Acting Bombardier D Lyons, and Gunner G R Hume.

242. Promotions and Appointments—The following promotions are ordered in No 2 Company—Bombardier G L Chard promoted Corporal, to fill existing vacancy Gunner H T Binks promoted Bombardier vice Chard, promoted. Gunner E A Sherten appointed Acting Bombardier, to fill vacancy existing Gunner G Barker Promoted Corporal, vice Shephard.

NOTICE.

There will be a Committee Meeting of the Rifle Association at the B V A Club on Monday next at 7 p.m.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 16th October.

870. Detail of Parades.

To-day Monday, the 16th instant—"G" Coy parade at the Bombay Gymkhana at 7-30 a m.

All Recruits of the current season should endeavour to attend.

Dress—Uniform.

II—"E" Coy Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform.

Tuesday, the 17th instant—Buglers Parade at the Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla at 6 p.m.

Dress—Uniform.

Wednesday, the 18th instant—"B" Coy Recruits Parade at the Bombay Gymkhana at 7-30 a.m

II—Commanding Officer's Parade.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with Caps.

Subject—1 Part II, Infantry Training Sections 59 to 74. Fire Discipline. 2. Battalion Drill.

Friday, the 20th instant.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

871. All Recruits of B E S and T Section will be attached to "C" Coy until further orders and will parade at Head-Quarters on Tuesdays at 7-30 a.m. and Thursdays at 6 p.m.

872. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

Thursday, the 19th inst "D" Coy.
Saturday, the 21st inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, the 22nd inst "E" Coy.
Thursday, the 26th inst "F" Coy.
Saturday, the 28th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, the 29th inst "G" Coy.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

873. The Viceroy's Prize Competition will take place at Ghat Kopar on Monday 23rd and Tuesday 24th instant, and the Range will be available for practice on Tuesday 17th, and Friday 20th instant by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

874. Lectures—will be held at Head-Quarters, Council Road, for all N C Officers commencing Tuesday 17th instant at 6-30 p. m. until further orders. Members attending should be in possession of their drill books. Officers are invited to attend.

875. The Quarterly Committee meeting of the Rifle Club will be held at Head-Quarters, Council Road, on Wednesday the 18th instant at 9 a.m.

876. The Quarterly Sergeants Mess Committee meeting will be held at Head-Quarters, Council Road, on Wednesday the 18th inst., at 8-30 a. m.

Exhibition Hockey Tournament.

It has been decided to enter a Corps team for the above Tournament.

Members desirous of taking part should submit their names to Head-Quarters at an early date.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

Sarcastically commenting on what he called "the vice of carelessness," Mr. Pinder Eversley, the Revising Barrister at Beckenham, said that on a claim there might be written, "I have occupied these rooms and I have murdered my mother," and the claimant, not noticing it, would in most cases sign the form.

BY THE WAY.

A PORTRAIT OF OLD AGE.

It is the ambition of great painters—and it has been for over five hundred years—to have their self-painted portraits in the Florence Gallery, set aside for that purpose. The list of those who have contributed their likenesses would include many whose names properly rank under the head of "great" from the wonderful girl-like head of Raphael to Josef Israels the latest in the collection, which has a place of honour in a room all by itself. The artist has depicted himself as a very old man with sunken cheeks, matted white beard, eyes obscured by heavy lenses and wearing a shapeless hat of uncertain colour. There is nothing beautiful about it, but it fascinates the observer, who marvels at the product of old, old age.

PICTURE THEATRES IN TURKEY.

Within the last two years quite a number of picture theatres have sprung up in Constantinople and other cities in Turkey. There are now about 10 such places in Constantinople. With the scarcity of regular theatres in Turkey, and the various languages spoken by the people, the moving-picture business is having an era of great prosperity. The majority of films are imported from France. The next largest number comes from Italy. America and England come next in importance and a few films are imported from Germany.

'TEXEIRA GOMEZ."

The Portuguese Minister in England Senhor Texeira Gomez is able to spare a little of his time (and his scanty English) to tell an amusing story concerning himself. Soon after his appointment (says the "Bystander") he was at a reception at the old Palace, Richmond. His host of the occasion was presenting to him some ladies. One of these, hearing that the gentleman was the Portuguese Minister, looked at him admiringly for a moment and then said: "Oh, it is a real pleasure to meet you. I've heard so much about you, M. de Soveral!" "Texeira Gomez," replied the Minister, smiling. "Oh, it's no use talking to me in Portuguese M. de Soveral," said the lady. "Texeira Gomez," again said the Minister But the lady again shook her head, and the Minister gave it up.

LIVERPOOL'S CATHEDRAL.

The authorities of the new Liverpool Cathedral, which is in process of being built, have (says the "Manchester Courier") been well advised to adopt the revised design of the architect, Mr. Gilbert Scott. Originally, it was intended to have twin towers of a somewhat light structure, but the alteration to one massive tower gives an added dignity and nobility to the structure. The Cathedral will be a vast building, its dominant note being massiveness and strength. The tower will not be of very great height, but it will be in proportion to the length and breadth of the cathedral and when viewed from a distance the huge archway directly underneath the tower will add to the effect of height. Moreover, the single tower will give more space and light to the interior.

BURMESE SPELLS.

Some curious sidelights on the Burman's character are contained in a report on the work of the Archæological Survey in Burma. It is stated that the Burman highly prizes the following gems: ruby, diamond or crystal pearl coral, topaz, sapphire, cat's eye, amethyst, and emerald. Collectively they ward off sickness or danger. The cat's eye is supposed to secure invulnerability in war. Incantations are muttered over some or all of these stones and the water in which they are immersed is drunk in order to secure immunity from all evils. Spells are uttered over rubies, and they are inserted as amulets in the flesh of men who desire to be immune from wounds inflicted by sword, spear or gun.

VALUE OF ANCIENT WEAPONS.

Another curious belief of Burmans is connected with the weapons of the Stone and Bronze Ages which are found in Burma, and which are believed by the superstitious to fall from the sky. They are supposed to possess medicinal properties, especially in the cure of appendicitis, which is called "rainbow disease." As in nature, a rainbow, is supposed to be destroyed by a thunderbolt, so much pain is believed to be relieved by drawing a stone or bronze weapon across the stomach or the part affected.

MARVELLOUS RAILWAY DEVELOPMENT

A remarkable indication of the advantage of new railway lines in Western Canada is set forth in the Canadian Official Railway Guide, published at Montreal. According to the September issue, 918 miles of rail have been opened for traffic during six weeks, bringing into existence 119 new railway stations. It is estimated that the new lines dispense with two million miles of grain teaming, by reason of shorter hauls to railway stations.

AUSTRALIAN COAST SCENERY.

Hinchinbrook Channel, passed through south of Kuranda, is perhaps the grandest piece of scenery on the Queensland coast. Orchids in bloom, palms bearing masses of straw-coloured flowers, and later on ruddy berries, the bloom of many eucalypts, the honey-scented, silky oak that parrots revel in, and the green and orange of the bean tree can be seen from the steamer's deck, for the course is nervously near the rocky ledges. Approaching Haycock Island the tourist notices how one steep peak seems to change its position and aspect as the vessel glides through water that reflects every height and repaints every mountain tint. Creeks, almost obscured by mangroves, wind among the hills for miles, and at the mouths of some of these creeks fishermen are established.

COMMERCIAL AND STATISTICAL DEPARTMENTS.

Sir George Askwith had some distinguished predecessor in the post of Comptroller of the Commercial, Statistical, and Labour Departments of the Board of Trade. When originally established in 1834, this branch of the Board was known as the Statistical Department. Its first head was George Porter, the foremost statistician of the day, whose best-known work, "The Progress of the Nation," ranks as a classic in its own line. Porter was succeeded by Albany Fonblanque, the editor and proprietor of the "Examiner," and according to his biographer, the late Dr. Garnett, "one of the few English journalists who, merely as such, have gained a permanent place in literature." In later years the post was held for many years by another distinguished journalist, Sir, Robert Giffen, under whose regime the Labour Department was formed and merged with the Commercial and Statistical Departments. Despite this increase of duties, the salary allotted to the present Comptroller is barely a third of that drawn by Porter, who in his later years received £3,700 a year.

MEMORIAL WINDOW TO GEORGE ELIOT.

It is delightful to read that a stained-glass window is to be put up in Chilvers Cotton Church, where she was christened in 1819, to the memory of George Eliot. Chilvers Cotton is the Shepperton of "Mr. Gilfil's Love-Story," and there is no doubt that the pathetic story of how Anthony Wybrow jilted poor little Tina Sarti, the tiny protegee of Lady Cheveral, was suggested by the true story of Sally Shilton, the protege of Sir Roger and Lady Newdigate. Of course, the story was different in many particulars, but there is no doubt that Sally had a marvellous voice, that some unknown cause led to a complete health-breakdown and a long sojourn in Lisbon, and that in January, 1801, when her health was somewhat restored, she married Mr. Bernard Gilpin Ebdell, the vicar of Chilvers Cotton, and settled down three miles from Arbury.

A LITERARY SHRINE.

A literary shrine sacred to Tom Moore is the Vale of Ovoca, situated in Wicklow that county which is popularly described as the garden of Ireland. It is now proposed to erect a memorial there to the poet, and as the outcome of a public meeting the promoters of it consider that its erection in "the Vale in whose bosom the bright waters meet" would be very appropiate. It was while at Ovoca that Moore wrote some of his best known melodies. Nature herself had supplied until quite recently a memorial of the bard in the form of an oak tree, "Tom Moore's Tree," under whose shade he did most of his writing. A remnant of it only now survives owing to the desire of American and other tourists to carry away portions of it as souvenirs of "the poet of all circles and the idol of his own."

THE LADIES' CORNER.

PARIS MODES.

Fashion, as one sees it in the streets of Paris just now, says a correspondent in mail week, is bewildering. It shows dresses and hats for summer, autumn, and winter, and we do not find any of them out of place. Women who have already bought their new autumn suits, naturally wear them; women who have not, still walk about in Tussore or crepe de chine; a few chilly people have shown magnificent furs during the last few days, and as to hats they are even more amazing in their varying quality than the dresses they top. The hat of the hour is, however, the soft, squashy felt which drops into any shape one likes, trimmed with a gay feather fantasy and tied round with a rather thick white lace veil. All sorts of people wear this hat, and by the way they do so one can tell to a shade where they belong in the social scale. The way not to wear it is to cram it down on the head and make it look like a sou'wester; the veil should not be too thick either, and quite the smartest are in cream or grey. Several women wore them at the races this week, and when not too rakish in form they looked extremely well. The next favourite in hats is the small, high-crowned toque in black velvet or white felt, trimmed with aigrettes, black or white, or the trimming may be of marabout—in fact black velvet and marabout are most popular both in small hats and big ones. I am told that in the winter the very wide, flat hat will be much worn and there is some hint of underneath trimmings.

A FEW NEAT AUTUMN TOILETTES.

When looking at a collection of dresses "chez" one of the big dressmakers the other day, a very pretty lady came in to have a fitting. She had that ultra-well-groomed look which seems so very necessary for good dressing now that we have to wear skimpy tailor-mades and very untrimmed hats. Her coat and skirt were of taupe cloth, with the trimmings of black Liberty. The skirt was short and had a tunic trimmed with Liberty buttons; the coat had a waist-line which ran up behind and was outlined by a black Liberty sash, which fell in fringed ends down one side of the skirt; the basques ran away in front, and the pelerine collar was also in Liberty. Under this one could just see a corsage of taupe and black chiffon superposed a hint of gold lace veiled and a cravat of Liberty. The hat was in taupe velvet, trimmed with gold lace and a bunch of black aigrettes. Thrust into her coat in front was a beautiful rich red rose made of silk her gloves were of taupe stitched with black, her stockings were of taupe silk, and her shoes of black chevreau with taupe cloth tops. She was dark and had a bright colour, so the sad tones suited her very well. Violet, about which we have heard a good deal, is worn with great discretion, but I have seen one or two lovely toilettes in which it played a pretty part. At tea the other day a woman was wearing a black Liberty coat and skirt with Parma violet lining to the coat, and under the double skirt was a "depassant" of violet about three inches wide. Violet Liberty formed a sash which fell down the back of the skirt and had a deep silk fringe of black and violet; the revers of the coat were violet embroidered in black, and on the black and white chiffon corsage were tiny violet buttons and a violet cravat. The hat was a low-crowned one of black Liberty with a violet velvet brim, the velvet being laid on in uneven, side-way pleats, and the only trimming on the crown was a bunch of violet and white violets.

JEWELLED WAIST-BELTS.

One of the pretty features of simple afternoon dresses this season will be the waist-belts of gold, silver, or stones. They are made in several designs according to the material, the usual pattern like the one used in old-fashioned jet chains, wide links of different shapes being made in jade, either green or purple, silver, or a dull stone which has opaline hues. This chain is passed round the waist and allowed to fall down one side in uneven lengths with some little ball, or tassel, or beast's head to finish it off. The gold ones are often in the form of snakes with jewelled eyes in the head.

MATERIAL FOR EVENING GOWNS.

Quite one of the most beautiful materials I have seen for evening dresses is a filmy gauze, either in white, grey, blue, or amethyst, with big gold or silver flower designs on it. Exquisite effects can be obtained with this material, and, although so rich and rare, the whole thing can be kept quite simple. Of course, it is expansive—about a pound a metre—but not much of it is needed to make a simple dress. Pale grey with silver flowers looks lovely over white, and on the corsage a soft fichu of lace edged with dark fur and pique with a nosegay of bright but tiny rosebuds. A narrow edging of the fur should also run round the edge of the skirt and pointed train, and it might outline a fold of the drapery down the side so long as it followed the main line of the design.

THE MAGNIFICENCE OF FUR COATS.

The latest idea of one of the first furriers in Paris, is to make a coat of two kinds of fur, the lining of one kind and the outside of another so that it may be worn inside out if the wearer so pleases. I saw one this week, one side of ermine, the other of sable, and the mannaquin wore it both ways, either of which was charming. This season furs will be very dear indeed, for the furriers are obliged by law to give the real fur and not imitation once they give it a name. Thus, sable must be sable, and sealskin, sealskin. The use of white marabout is noticeable in the dressmakers' salons, and it looks charming as the edging to a velvet stole or a stole of chiffon which is being used as a hood for the theatre. It also looks well on a handsome theatre coat, or on a costume of black Liberty and chiffon. The amount of fur that is to be used on dresses and hats as trimming also tends to make fur as a whole very expensive, but that it is charming there is no doubt.

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ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

THE EARTH'S LUMINOUS ENVELOPE.

Observers of the sky have noticed from time to time a certain abnormal brightness which cannot be attributed to diffused starlight. This is shown by the fact that the brightness diminishes towards the zenith. A notable luminosity has also been observed on cloudy and even foggy nights. The facts of this peculiar luminosity have been long known, and recently they have been an object of special study to astronomers, and the general conclusion arrived at is that the earth may be surrounded by a permanent aurora, a diffused light analogous in origin to the aurora borealis.

RECENT INVESTIGATIONS.

Among recent investigators of the phenomenon may be mentioned, the Dutch astronomer Yuitema. This observer finds that the amount of illumination on a square degree of sky may be from 1-12 to 1-6 that of a star of the first magnitude. Diffused starlight it may be noted, would only account for a brightness equal to 1-50 of that of a first magnitude star. Professor Barnard of the Yorks Observatory has also been investigating it and has sometimes found the peculiar luminosity sufficiently strong to enable him to read the time by an ordinary watch. He concludes that it may be due to slowly drifting streaks of luminous haze which may sometimes be 50 deg. long and three deg. wide. Sometimes Professor Barnard finds this luminosity as bright as the average of the Milky Way. The idea that the phenomenon is of the nature of a permanent aurora is supported by the fact that on clear, moonless nights the spectrum of the aurora borealis can nearly always be seen.

CRYSTAL AND COLLOID.

The distinction between crystalline bodies, such as salt and nitre, and colloids, such as gelatine and starch, is familiar to chemists. If water containing, says, salt and gelatine, be placed in a vessel with a parchment bottom, and this floated in another full of water, the salt will pass out through the parchment, and the gelatine remain inside. The exact nature of the distinction between crystalline and colloid bodies, however, has proved a difficult question and led to much research. The results are summed up in a paper read before the Chemical Section at the recent meeting of the British Association.

SOLUTION OR SUSPENSION.

The earlier investigations of Graham indicated a fundamental difference between these two states of matter. More recent investigations, however, tend to modify this view, and to show that in some cases the colloidal state is due to an extremely fine state of division. Thus Zsigmondy studying the colloidal matter by ultra-microscopic methods, showed that, in some cases at least, the solutions contained suspended particles of very small size. Messrs. Perrin and Svedberg, again, conclude from their investigations that the colloid state is a connecting link between ordinary coarse suspension and true solution.

TWO CLASSES OF COLLOIDS.

As a result it is suggested to divide colloidal bodies into two classes. In the first are those which, in solution, differ from ordinary suspension only in the ultramicroscopic sizes of their particles. These are termed suspension colloids, or lyophobic—that is solution-hating—solutions. Of this nature are the colloidal metals, sulphides and many hydroxides. The second class is formed by such substances as gelatine, albumen, etc., which have not been proved to consist of particles, and seem more nearly to approach true solutions. They have been called lyophilic—that is solution-loving—solutions.

IMPORTANCE OF THEIR STUDY.

But granted that the colloid, in many cases, consists of separate particles, the question arises, are these necessarily amorphous. The question is not easily answered, but the conclusion arrived at so far is that in many cases they certainly are. And it is believed that in some cases the size of the particles may approach the dimensions of molecules. Attention is called by the author of the paper to the importance of the study of colloidal chemistry in its bearing on physiological problems.

WATER POWER VERSUS COAL.

In connection with Sir William Ramsay's address on the exhaustion of our coal supply an article in "Cassier's Magazine" on "Great Water Power Sites," by Henry Hale, is of special interest. It is there indicated what has been already done in many parts of the world in utilising streams and rivers as a source of power, and also how much still remains to be developed in this direction. Thus it has been estimated by Prof. Unvin that the available water power of the United State amounts to 30,000,000-h.p. And it is belived that by a system of storage reservoirs this might be increased to 150,000,000. As regards economy, it is pointed out that the saving effected by using water power, instead of coal amounts to about £2 a year for every horse-power.

AN INTERSTING EXAMPLE.

If the falls of Niagara were fully utilised, it is reckoned that they would supply energy equal to 7,000,000 horse-power, while on the Upper Mississippi 2,000,000 such units of work should be available. An interesting example of the recent development of water power is given from Kashmir. There the Jhelum River has been made to generate electrical power to deepen its own channal and so prevent the overflowing of 200,000 acres of land, which are thus rendered available for agriculture. The fact that no coal was available, and that the site was 200 miles from the nearest railway station, redered the use of water power imperative in this case but a judicial development of the powers of our own streams might considerably prolong the duration of our coalfields.

SOCIAL MECHANICS.

There is something very attractive, at any rate to a certain order of mind, in the endeavour to apply the scientific method to the study of social problems. It seems to be so simple to make a choice of the appropriate system of co-ordinates, and to select axioms akin to those of theoretical dynamics. The machine constructed, it is now fed with the raw material, and presto! behold the product. If ever the complex were to become the simple we might possibly be able to avail ourselves of such a potent weapon of investigation. But it is to be feared that for a long time to come the study of inner mechanism of any biological phenomenon must be limited by the application of rough-and-ready methods of approach and by the appeal to curves of frequency. M. Haret, a professor at Bucharest and a member of the Roumanian Ministry, is of the opinion that the time has come when a beginning may be made in the application of mathematical principles to the problems of static and dynamic sociology. To him the individual, for the purposes of his argument, is the indivisible, constitutive element of the social body, playing much the same role as the atom in the material body. Society is a union of individuals, exposed to the play of external forces as well as to their own interactions. But innumerable as are the causes contributory to the formation and development of a society, we may select a few, and for the moment we can suppose that all others are for the time being eliminated. This enables a certain simplicity to be given to the treatment, just as in theoretical mechanics we have been wont for the same reason to introduce beginners to an ideal world in which, for instance, as far as friction is concerned, there ain't no such thing." So M. Haret reduces all the variables in the social problem to three groups—economical, intellectual, and moral. In the usual way, therefore, when once the value of these forces can be estimated, the individual may be compared to a point of which the position is known with reference to three co-ordinate axes. The term "social space," "social force," "social rest," and "social motion" have now their obvious connotation, and with the aid of "social vectors" in "social space" we at once see the analogy between the individuals constituting a society and a system of material points subject to our ordinary mechanical laws. He ingeniously develops the idea, and finds no difficulty for example, in proving that war pestilence and famine, strikes, earthquakes, and social shocks of every kind must inevitably result in a loss of energy. All this is very interesting, and the author of "Mecanique Sociale" handles his material with great skill. But we are not sure that he is justified, even at the outset, in some of his assumptions. "G. U. Y." in "Nature" recently put his finger on one difficulty. "The three axes chosen do not represent quantities of the same kind or dimensions."

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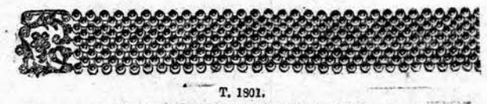

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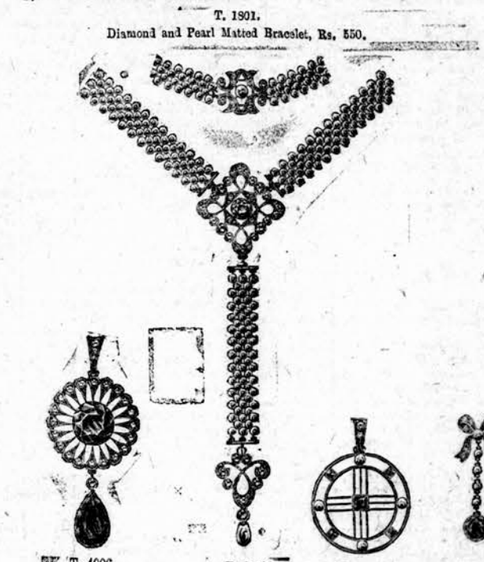

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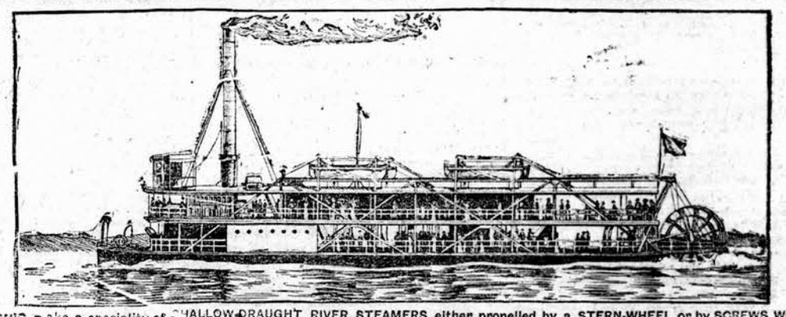

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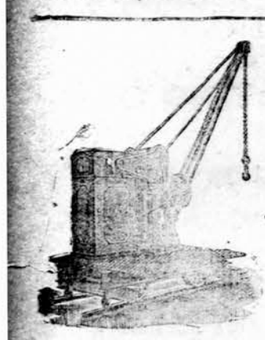

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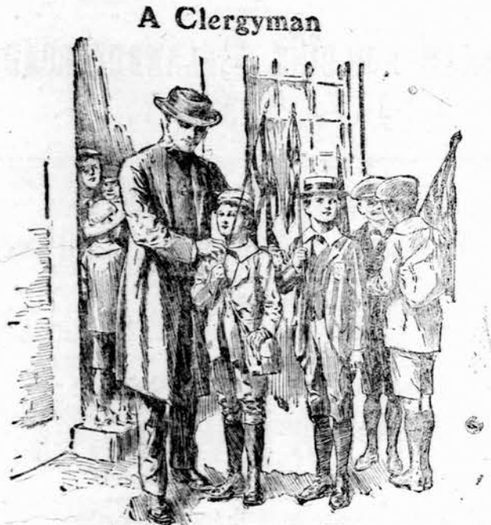

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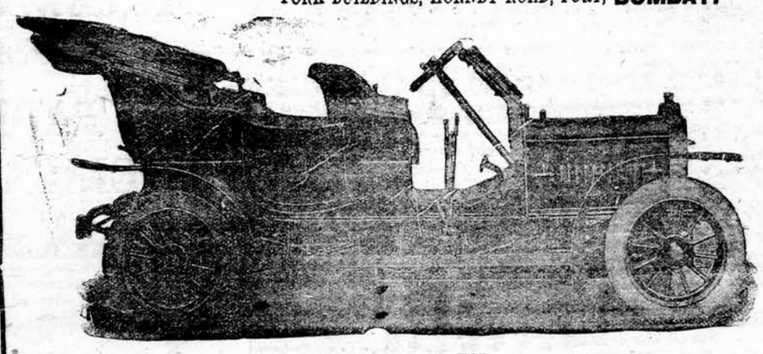

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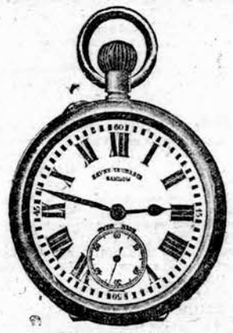

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